

Parma Eldalambëron 17

Sindarin Corpus

By David Giraudeau

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<http://lambenore.free.fr>



Introduction

The aim of this document is to give a synthetic view of the Sindarin corpus in *Parma Eldalamberon 17* (PE17). It was not designed to substitute itself to PE17. This document must be read **together with** PE17.

Availability

The following statements come from *Hiswelókë's Sindarin dictionary*¹, with the kind permission of Didier Willis.

Status: free.

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¹ <<http://www.jrrvf.com/hisweloke/sindarin/online/sindarin/dict-sd-en.html#>>.

Abbreviations

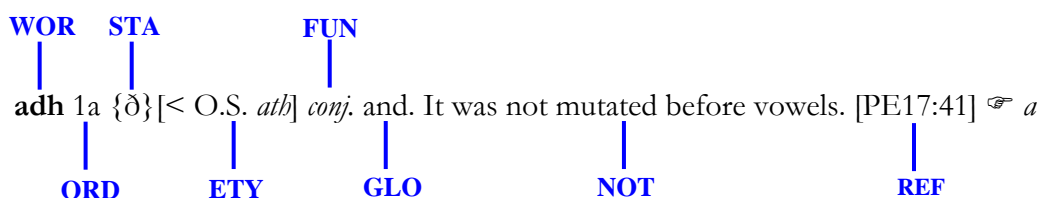
☞	see also	masc.	masculine
*	Tolkien hypothetical form	n.	noun
#	deduced form	Nand.	Nandorin
<	came from	O.E.	Old English
>	evolved in	O.Q.	Old Quenya
<<	replaced	O.S.	Old Sindarin
>>	was replaced by	pa.t.	past tense
1, 2, 3	word functions	part.	participle
1a, 1b	word senses	pl.	plural
1 st	first (person)	pl1.	particular plural
2 nd	second (person)	pl2.	general or collective plural
3 rd	third (person)	Poet.	Poetic
xxxx	rejected entry	poss.	possessive
adj.	adjective, adjectival	pp.	past participle
art.	article	P.Q.	Primitive Quendian
adv.	adverb	pref.	prefix
Astron.	Astronomy	prep.	preposition
B.S.	Black Speech	pres.	present
Bot.	Botanic	prob.	probably
C.E.	Common Eldarin	pron.	pronoun
card.	nombre cardinal	prop.	proper
dem.	demonstrative	Q.	Quenya
du.	dual	R.	Rohanese
Dw.	Dwarvish	S.	Sindarin
<i>e.g.</i>	Latin <i>exempli gratia</i> ‘for example’	<i>sc.</i>	Latin <i>scilicet</i> ‘namely’
esp.	especially	sg.	singular
excl.	exclusive	soft mut.	soft mutation (lenition)
fem.	feminine	suff.	suffix
fut.	future	T.	Telerin
incl.	inclusive	theon.	theonym
interj.	interjection	topon.	toponym
intr.	intransitive	trans.	transitive
Ling.	Linguistics	v.	verb
lit.	literally	Zoo.	Zoology
LotR	<i>The Lord of the Rings</i>		

Standardization

{k}	$k \rightarrow c$
{ǎ, ě, ĭ, ǒ, ŭ}	$\check{a}, \check{e}, \check{i}, \check{o}, \check{u} \rightarrow a, e, i, o, u$
{ā, ē, ī, ō, ū, ȳ}	$\bar{a}, \bar{e}, \bar{i}, \bar{o}, \bar{u}, \bar{y} \rightarrow \acute{a}, \acute{e}, \acute{i}, \acute{o}, \acute{u}$
{p}	$p \rightarrow th$
{ð}	$\dot{\theta} \rightarrow db$
{đ}	$\dot{d} \rightarrow db$

Note: etymologies, gloses and notes were not standardized.

Entry



WOR : the word presented in the entry. It is crossed out when rejected by Tolkien.

ORD : the entry order, according to the function (1, 2, 3 *etc.*) and the sense of the word (1a, 1b, *etc.*).

STA : the standardization applied to the entry in order to achieve some consistency.

ETY : the etymology. Note : some words in different pages can have the same etymology and (nearly) the same glose. In those cases, words were merged into one entry. A different etymology for the same word (with same function and/or glose) was considered as a separate entry.

FUN : the function of the word. The function can be followed by the lexical field of the word, *e.g. Poet., Astron., Bot. etc.*

GLO : the glose.

NOT : notes or observations, from J.R.R. Tolkien or from other sources.

REF : the bibliographical reference.





- a 1a** [*< ad(a) conj. and. *Pedo mellon a minno!* ‘Say friend and enter’. Q. ar. [PE17:41]*]
- a 1b** [-] *conj. and. Form of **ad/ada** before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] ☞ ad, ada, adh*
- a 1c** [*< ADA beside, alongside, by] conj. and. About his mutation, see PE17:145. [PE17:145]*]
- a 2** [-] *interj. o. *Elbereth Gilthoniel* ‘Q Elbereth Who lit the Stars’. [PE17:20]*
- a 1**, pl1. **-ion** [*< sg. *ō* pl. (*ia* < later *iōn* <) *iōm*] gen. suff. [PE17:97] ☞ *maewia, maewion, geledbion**]
- a 2**, pl1. **-on** [-] *poss. suff. [PE17:97] ☞ *beryna**
- ach** [*< aks < AKAS] n. neck, refeering properly to the vertebrae (the bony part of the neck not including throat). ‘geographical’ form *achad*. Q. *akas* (later *aksē*) pl. *aksi*. [PE17:92] ☞ *achad**]
- achad 1a** [*< aks < AKAS] n. neck, refeering properly to the vertebrae (the bony part of the neck not including throat). This is a ‘geographical’ form, S. *ach*. Q. *akas* (later *aksē*) pl. *aksi*. [PE17:92] ☞ *ach, Achad Tarlang**]
- achad 1b** [*< AKAS ridge, esp. Serrated, of rocks, etc.] n. neck (esp. referring to the bony structure, extension of the spine). *achad* << *achas*. Q. *axo*. [PE17:146]*]
- Achad Tarlang** [-] *topon. The long narrow ‘col’ or passage over the long spur of the mountains that separated *Lamedon* from the plain of *Erech*. It is not certain whether this was named after some ancient man with the Sindarin name *Tarlang* (‘stiff-neck’, *sc.* ‘proud’) or was due to the obsolescence of *Tarlang* ‘the stiff, tough passage’ to which S. *ached* had been prefixed in explanation, so that *Achad Tarlang* ‘the crossing called *Tarlang*’ was interpreted as ‘Tarlang’s Neck’. The neck was not the name of the passage but of the lower, narrower ridge (crossed by the road) between the main mountains, and the mountainous region at southern end of the spur. [PE17:92] ☞ *achad, lang**
- achar-** [*< AT ‘back’, an action by another agent in return to a previous action + ?] v. do back, react; requite; avenge. Q. *akēkar* or *abtar*. *Tôl achar* ‘vengeance is coming’. [PE17:166]*]
- achared** [*< AK of hostile return] n. vengeance. [PE17:167]*]
- acharn** [*< AK of hostile return] n. (an act of) vengeance. [PE17:167]*]
- ad** [-] *conj. and. a/adh before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] ☞ a, ada, adh*
- adh 1a** {ð} [*< O.S. *ath*] conj. and. It was not mutated before vowels. [PE17:41] ☞ a*]
- adh 1b** {ð} [-] *conj. and. Form of **ad/ada** before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] ☞ a, ad, ada*
- adh 1c** {ð} [*< ADA beside, alongside, by] conj. and. About his mutation, see PE17:145. [PE17:145]*]
- ada** [-] *conj. and. a/adh before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] ☞ a, ad, adh*
- adhag** {ð} [-] [PE17:131]
- Adan**, pl1. **Edain** [-] *n. ‘the Second’, the Second Kindred, the Men. It was a loan from Q. *Atan*, pl1. *Atani*. For a long time, this word therefore referred only to the three “houses” or kindreds of the “Elf-friends” and always tended to refer primarily to them. *ónen i-Estel Edain* ‘I gave the “Hope” (to) Men’. [PE17:18:89:101:117:127]*
- adhanc** {ð} [-] [PE17:131]
- adharch** {ð} [-] [PE17:131]
- adbed** [*< ATA + ?] rephrase. [PE17:167]*]

- advir** [< ? + MĪR precious] *n.* ‘heirloom’. Q. *atamir*. [PE17:165] ☞ *mîr*
- aear** [-] *n.* Sea, especially the Great (Western) Sea. Q. *ear. nef aear, sí nef aearon* lit. ‘beyond the Sea, here beyond the Great Sea’. [PE17:20-1:27] ☞ *gaeear, gaer*
- aearon** [-] *n.* ocean. Augmentative form of *aear* Sea. Q. *earon, airon. nef aear, sí nef aearon* lit. ‘beyond the Sea, here beyond the Great Sea’. [PE17:20-1:27] ☞ *aear*
- aeredhil** {ð}[-] [PE17:140]
- Aerel**, pl1. **Aeril** [-] [PE17:140-1]
- Aeriel** [-] [PE17:140]
- af-** [prob. < ABA] *pref.* negative suffix used with verbs in imperative. Also *av-* and adverbial form *avo*. [PE17:143] ☞ *av-, avo*
- agarfant** [< KARAP] *v. pa.t. of carfa* talked, spoke, used tongue. *agarfant* << *carfant (agramp)*. [PE17:126] ☞ *carfa*
- agarfast** [< KARAP] *v. pa.t. of carfa* he talked. [PE17:126] ☞ *carfa*
- aglar** 1a [< *aklar- < KALAR < KAL shine] *n.* brilliance, glory. Q. *alkar. o menel aglar elenath* ! lit. ‘from Firmament glory of the stars !’. *aglar an | i Pheriannath* ‘glory to all the Halflings’. [PE17:20-1:102:105]
- aglar** 1b [< aklar < KAL light] *n.* radiance, glory. Q. *alkar*. [PE17:24] ☞ *aglareb*
- aglareb** [< KAL light] *adj.* glorious, brilliant. Q. *alcarin, alcarinqua*. [PE17:24] ☞ *aglar*
- ai** [-] *interj.* ‘hail!’, or less formally ‘ha there you are’. *Āi na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g’ovannen.* ‘Ah! At last, Dúnadan ! Well met !’. [PE17:16]
- ailin** [< AYA(R) sea + lin] *n.* a large lake. [PE17:160]
- al-** [-] *pref.* not. [PE17:101:146] ☞ *alfirin*
- al-** [< ALA good, healthy, prosperous, fortunate] *pref.* #well. Q. *al(a)-*. [PE17:172]
- alaf** [< ALAB elm] *n. Bot.* elm. Q. *albe*. [PE17:153]
- albeth** [< ALA good, blessed, fortunate + ?] *n.* a (word of) good omen. [PE17:146]
- alfirin** 1a [< al- not + firin mortal] *n. Bot.* ‘not dying’, a flower name. [PE17:100-1] ☞ *al-, firin*
- alfirin** 1b [< al- + pirin(a) < ALA good, blessed, fortunate + PIRI close eyes, blink, wink] *n. Bot.* a flower name. [PE17:146] ☞ *al-, firin*
- alph** [-] *n. Zoo.* swan. [PE17:100]
- alw**, pl. **ely** [-] *adj.* wholesome. [PE17:146]
- alwed** [< ALA good, blessed, fortunate] *adj.* prosperous, fortunate. [PE17:146]
- amar** 1a [< *ammar] *n.* world. [PE17:104]
- amar** 1b [< Eldarin *ambar(ā) the Settlement] *n.* Settlement, appointed place; the Earth, the dwelling place or home of Elves (and Men) appointed by Eru. With the increase of knowledge it often excluded *Aman*, even before its removal from the ‘circles of the world’ after the Downfall. Q. *ambar*. [PE17:105]
- ~~amar~~ [< ammar] *n.* chiefly used later of the inhabited regions of the great land masses *not* including *Aman* or *Eressea* (or usually even *Númenor*). [PE17:124]
- amarth** 1a [< *ambarta < primitive S. *ambar < m̥bar] *n.* fate. Q. *umbar*. [PE17:104] ☞ *Amon Amarth*
- amarth** 1b [< MAR(AT)/MBART doom, fate] *n.* fate, doom. Q. *ambar (ambart-)*. [PE17:66:114] ☞ *Amon Amarth*
- ~~amarth~~ [< S. ammarth < *mbart-] *n.* fate, doom. Q. *umbar*. [PE17:123-4]

- amartha-** [< **mbartā* or **mbartā* to define, decree, destine] *n.* [PE17:104-5] ☞ *amarth*
- ammarth** [< **mbart-*] *n.* fate, doom. *ammarth* > *amarth*. [PE17:123-4]
- ammen** [< S. *an* for + S. *men* us] *pron.* to us, for us. *naur an edraith ammen!* ‘fire [be] for rescue/saving for us’. *annon edbellen edro hi ammen!* ‘Elvish gate open now for us’. [PE17:38:45] ☞ *an, men*
- amon**, pl1. **emyn** [< *mbono* < MBÖNO] *n.* hill, lump, clump, mass, often applied to (esp. isolated) mountains. Q. *umbo(n)*. [PE17:15:33:61:93:121] ☞ *Amon Amarth*
- Amon Amarth** [-] *topon.* ‘Mount Doom’. [PE17:66:93:104:114] ☞ *amarth*
- Amon Amarth** [-] *topon.* ‘Mount (of) doom’. [PE17:122] ☞ *amarth*
- Amon Dîn** [-] *topon.* [PE17:95] ☞ *dîn*
- Amon Hen** [-] *topon.* [PE17:77] ☞ *amon*
- Amon Lhaw** [-] *topon.* [PE17:62:77] ☞ *amon, lheweg*
- Amon Sûl** [-] *topon.* [PE17:116]
- Amroth** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:51]
- amrûn** 1 [-] *adj.* of the uprising, eastern. Q. *ambaróna*. [PE17:91:122] ☞ *rhûn*
- amrûn** 2 [-] *n.* east. Q. *orrô* uprising, sunrise, east. [PE17:18:122] ☞ *rhûn*
- an** 1 [-] *poss. art.* used with object, e.g. *dagnir an Glaurung* ‘Slayer of Glaurung’ = he who slew Glaurung. [?preceded article in form] *eni*, e.g. *mellyn enin Edbellion*. [PE17:97]
- an** 2 [< *ana* < ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] *prep.* to, for. *naur an edraith ammen!* ‘fire [be] for rescue/saving for us’. *aglar an i Pheriannath* ‘glory to all the Halflings’. [PE17:38:102:147]
- anann** [-] *adv.* long. *Cuio i Pheriain anann* ‘May the Halflings live long’. [PE17:102]
- and** [-] *adj.* long. *i-arben na megil and* ‘The Knight of the Long Sword’. [PE17:12:121:147] ☞ *ann*
- and**, pl1. **-end** [-] *suff.* used in place names. [PE17:170] ☞ *-iand*
- andaith** [-] *n.* *Ling.* Q. *andatebta*. [PE17:123]
- andreth** [< ? + REB, RES ‘remain in same place’, be unmoved, patient] *n.* ‘Patience’, long-suffering. [PE17:182] ☞ *reth*
- Anduin** [< ANAD long + ?] *topon.* -. Q. *Anduine*. [PE17:40]
- Anfalas** [< ? + PHAL splash] *topon.* ‘Langstrand’. Q. *Andafalasse*. [PE17:73:97:135] ☞ *falas*
- angerthas** [-] *pl. n.* [PE17:122] ☞ *certhas, Cirth*
- angol** [-] [PE17:131]
- Angrenost** [-] *topon.* ‘Iron-enclosure’. O.E. (R.) *Isengard*. [PE17:32:82] ☞ *dol, doll*
- Angruin** [< ? + RUYU blaze (red)] *prop. n.* ‘Iron Fire’. Tolkien notes “Alter *Glaurung* > *Angruin*”. [PE17:183]
- anim** [-] *pron.* for myself. *úchebin estel anim* ‘I don’t keep hope for myself’. [PE17:117]
- ann** 1 [< ANAD long] *adj.* long. Rare except in old names (e.g. *Anduin*). [PE17:12:40:121] ☞ *and*
- ann** 2 [< *annā*] *n.* gift. [PE17:90]
- ann-** [< P.Q. *andā*] *pref.* long and far. Only preserved in certain compounds, owing to competition with *ann* ‘gift’ and *ann(on)* ‘gate’. [PE17:90]

- annon**, pl1. **ennyn** [< *annō*, *annon(d)*- entrances, approaches < ANA to] *n.* great door, gate. Q. *ando*. *Ennyn Durin Aran Moria* ‘the doors (of) Durin King (of) Moria’. *annon edbellen edro hi ammen!* ‘Elvish gate open now for us’. [PE17:25:40:45:87:90] ☞ *annon*
- Annûn** [-] *n.* going-down, esp. sunset, West. Q. *Andúne*, *andû*, Hadorian *adûn*. [PE17:18:64:88:102:121] ☞ *dûn*, *Henneth Annûn*
- Anor** [< (A)NAR] *n.* *Astron.* Sun. Q. *anâr/anär*. [PE17:30:38:55] ☞ *Ithil*
- ant** [< *tek-tā*] *pron. suff.* 3rd person pa.t. ending. Tolkien compares it to Medieval Welsh *-as*, or modern Welsh *-odd* (PE17:43). [PE17:43] ☞ *echant*, *teithant*
- anta-** [< ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] *v.* add to, give. pa.t. *ónen* (with *pron. suff.*). [PE17:147]
- antha** [-] *v. pres. of antha-* give. [PE17:93]
- antha-** [-] *v.* to give. [PE17:93]
- anu** [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] *v. pa.t.* he/she went. [PE17:148] ☞ *anwen*
- anwen** [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] *v. pa.t. & pron. suff.* I went. [PE17:148] ☞ *anu*, *gvaen*
- aphred** [< *at-kwet* < AT ‘back’, an action by *another agent* in return to a previous action + ?] *n.* answer. Q. *aquet*. [PE17:166]
- ar-** 1a [< ÑAR by] *pref. Q. ar-*. [PE17:169]
- ar-** 1b [< S. *aran*] *pref. king.* [PE17:113] ☞ *ara-*, *Arathorn*
- ar-** [< ÑAR near, by, beside] *pref. Q. ar-*. [PE17:169]
- ara** [-] *n.* king. [PE17:147]
- ara-** [< S. *aran*] *pref. king.* [PE17:113] ☞ *ar-*, *Arathorn*
- Aragorn** [< *Ara(n)gorn*] *prop. n.* ‘Revered King’. [PE17:31:113] ☞ *ara-*, *Arangorn*, *gorn*
- Aragorn** [-] *prop. n.* Tolkien proposed that the ending *gorn* was simply modeled on names such as *Arathorn*, *Celegorn*, and that the [?pure] Sindarin form of this name was *Argorn*. [PE17:113]
- aran**, pl1. **erain** [-] *n.* ‘high or noble person’, king, chief. [PE17:40:110:147]
- Arangorn** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Revered King’. [PE17:31] ☞ *Aragorn*
- Arannor** [-] *topon.* ‘King’s land’, the North kingdom (at first the most important of Elendil’s realms). An older form, still used in literature, later reduced in *Arnor*. Q. *Arandóre*. Another name that soon fell out of general colloquial use was *Arthor na Forlonnas*. [PE17:28] ☞ *Arthor na Forlonnas*
- Aranthorn** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Steadfast King’. [PE17:32] ☞ *Arangorn*
- Arathorn** [< S. *Aran-thorn*] *prop. n.* ‘Steadfast King’. [PE17:113] ☞ *ara-*, *thorn*
- Arathorn** [< *aran-thorn* < ? + STOR, THOR] *prop. n.* ‘Steadfast King’. [PE17:113]
- Araum** [< *Arōmēz* < ROM horn noise] *theon. Q. Orome*. [PE17:138]
- Araw** 1a [< *Áraw* < *Araúv* < *Oraúmb* < *Orōmē*] *theon. Q. Orome*. [PE17:96:153]
- Araw** 1b [< *Oroy* < *Orom* < *Oromē*] *theon. Q. Orome*. See also the etymology *Áraw* < *Aráw* < *Oráw* (PE17:99). [PE17:99]
- Araw** 1c [< *Arōmēz* < ROM horn noise] *theon. Q. Orome*. [PE17:138]
- arben** [-] *n.* knight. Q. *arquen*. *i·arben na megil and* ‘The Knight of the Long Sword’. [PE17:147]
- Ardor** [< *ár(a)ndor*] *topon.* ‘kingly, chief land’, the pure Sindarin form of *Arnor*. [PE17:118] ☞ *Arnor*
- Aredhel** {ð}[-] *n.* ‘Noble-Elf’. Afterwards including also the Exiled Noldor. [PE17:139-41] ☞ *edhel*, *Thinnedhel*

Arfin [-] *prop. n.* Originally *Arfin*{*në Heru*}. [PE17:117]

Argond [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]

Argorn [-] *prop. n.* the [?pure] Sindarin form of *Aragorn*. [PE17:113]

Arnor 1a [-] *topon.* ‘King’s land’, the North kingdom (at first the most important of Elendil’s realms). Q. *Arandóre*. A reduced form of older (and still used in literature especially so) *arannor*. *Arnor* is ‘colloquial’ < *aranóre* = noble land, with usual loss of second of two short vowels of same quality. Another name that soon fell out of general colloquial use was *Arthor na Forlonnas*. [PE17:28] ☞ *Arthor na Forlonnas*

Arnor 1b [-] *topon.* Sindarized form of Q. *Aranor* ‘kingly, chief land’. Pure Sindarin forme *Ardor*. [PE17:118] ☞ *Ardor*

arod 1a [-] *adj.* tall, eminent. Q. *aratā*. [PE17:39]

arod 1b [< (*a*)*rātā*] *adj.* noble. [PE17:49] ☞ *raud*

arod 1c [< *arāta*] *adj.* #noble. [PE17:147]

arod 1d [< **arāta* < RAT tower up] *adj.* noble. Q. *arata*. [PE17:186] ☞ *raud*

Arodreth [< ? + REB, RES ‘remain in same place’, be unmoved, patient] *prop. n.* ‘Noble endurance’. [PE17:182] ☞ *arod, reth*

arthor [< *artaure*] *n.* realm. [PE17:28]

Arthor na Challonnas [-] *topon.* ‘Realm of the South-harbourage’, older name of Gondor. Q. *Turmen Hyallondiéva*. [PE17:28] ☞ *Arnor, Arthor na Forlonnas, Forlonnas*

Arthor na Forlonnas [-] *topon.* ‘Realm of the North-harbourage’, another name of *Arnor* that soon fell out of general colloquial use. Shorter form *Forlonnas*. Q. *Turmen Follondiéva*. [PE17:28] ☞ *Arnor, Arthor na Challonnas, Forlonnas*

Asfaloth [< *ast-faloth*] *prop. n.* lit. ‘Sunlit foam’, name of a white horse. The original meaning is uncertain. [PE17:18] ☞ *ast, faloth*

ast [-] *n.* light or heat of sun. [PE17:18] ☞ *Asfaloth*

astor [< **as'tārā*] *n.* faith, loyalty (*not* belief). Q. *astar*. [PE17:183]

Astoreth [-] *fem. prop. n.* [PE17:183] ☞ *astor, -eth*

Aston [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:183] ☞ *astor, -on*

-ath [-] *pl. suff.* group plural embracing all things of the same name, applied to things associated in some arrangement, or organization. [PE17:25:62] ☞ *elenath, ennorath, -rim*

athae [< **apayā* < ATH ease, comfort, heal] Q. *asea*. [PE17:49] ☞ *athe, athelas*

athe [< **apayā* < ATH ease, comfort, heal] Q. *asea*. [PE17:49] ☞ *athae, athelas*

athelas [< S. *athae* + S. *lass* leaf] *n. Bot.* ‘King’s foil’. Q. *asea aranion*. [PE17:16:49:100] ☞ *athae, athe, lass*

athra- 1 [-] *pref.* [PE17:14] ☞ *athrabeth athrad, athragardh, athragared*

athra- 2 [< *apra* < ÞAR] *v.* to cross (to and fro). [PE17:14]

athra [-] *adv.* to and fro; cross to and fro (as a river ford). [PE17:14]

athrabeth [-] *n.* interchange of words, conversation. [PE17:14]

athrad [< *apra* < ÞAR] *n.* ‘crossing’, especially used of fords over rivers. Another name of a *pád*. [PE17:14:34] ☞ *pád*

athragardh {ð}[-] *n.* interaction. [PE17:14]

athragared [-] *n.* interaction. [PE17:14]

aul [< *āle* < *agoleē*] [PE17:131]

aur [-] *n. Poet.* #sunlight, daylight. Q. *aure*. [PE17:120]

- av-** [prob. < ABA] *pref.* negative suffix used with verbs in imperative. Also *af-* and adverbial form *avo*. [PE17:143] ☞ *af-*, *avgaro*, *avo*
- avad** [prob. < ABA] *n.* refusal. [PE17:143]
- avam** [prob. < ABA + ?] *v. & pron. suff.* we won't. Q. *vamme*. [PE17:143] ☞ *avo*
- avgaro** [prob. < ABA + ?] *pref. & v. imp.* do not do it! [PE17:143]
- avo** [< ABA] *adv.* negative adverb used with verbs in imperative, often as prefix (*av-*, *af-*). [PE17:143]
- avon** [prob. < ABA + ?] *v. & pron. suff.* I won't. Q. *ván*, *vanye*. [PE17:143] ☞ *avo*
- Avon** [< *Amān* < MAN good] *topon.* 'Unmarred State', esp. applied to the 'unmarred' western regions, of which Valinor was part. Q. *Aman*. [PE17:162]
- avras** [< BARAS] *n.* a precipice. [PE17:23]
- aw** [< *abawv* < SAM] *v. pa.t.* #had. Q. *sáme*. [PE17:173] ☞ *sevin*
- awn** [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] *v. pa.t.* he/she went. [PE17:148] ☞ *anu*, *anwen*

B

baen [< GWAY] *adj.* fair-haired. Q. *waina* late *vaina* blonde, fair of hair. [PE17:155]

bain 1a [< BAN beauty, with implication that it is due to *lack of fault* or *blemish*] *adj.* fair, good, blessed, wholesome, favourable, without evil/bad element, *not* dangerous, evil or hostile. *bân* or *bain* << *bân* pl. *bain*. [PE17:150] ☞ *bân*

bain 1b [< *banya* < BAN fair, beautiful] *adj.* beautiful. Q. *vanya*. [PE17:165]

baîn [< *bân* fair] *adj.* good, wholesome, blessed, fair (esp. of weather). [PE17:149]

baîn [< GWAN fair, beautiful (properly = white complexion and blonde hair)] *adj.* fair-haired. Q. *vanya*. [PE17:154]

baîn [< *gvenyâ* < GWEN fair, beautiful (prob. originally fresh, fair, unblemished esp. of beauty of youth)] Q. *wenya*. [PE17:191]
☞ *bein*

baînîa [< *bân* fair] [PE17:149]

Balan, pl1. **Belain** [-] *n.* Vala. [PE17:48]

Balannor [-] *topon.* ‘the Land of the Valar’. Q. *Valandor*. [PE17:26]

#**balar**, pl1. **belair**, pl2. **balarwaith**, **beleriath** [-] *n.* [PE17:139] ☞ *belerion*, *belerieth*

balch [< **wal-ka* < GWAL be stirred, excited, *etc.*] *adj.* fierce, ferocious. In S. *gval* < *bal* which coalesced in form with BAL ‘have power’. [PE17:154]

Balrog [< BAL powerful, mighty + RUK] *n.* (mighty) demon. A word made in ancient S. for the spirits (of ‘māyan’ origin) corrupted to his service by Melkor in the days outside Arda, before the coming of the Elves and the assault upon Utumno. Q. pl1. *Valaraukar*. In a draft, Tolkien presented the Balrogs as of “Valar or Maian origin” (PE17:48). [PE17:48] ☞ *raug*

bân [< BAN beauty, with implication that it is due to *lack of fault* or *blemish*] *adj.* fair, good, wholesome, favourable, *not* dangerous, evil or hostile. *bân* or *bain* << *bân* pl. *bain*. [PE17:150] ☞ *bain*

bar, pl1. **baîr** [< **mbar* or *mbardâ* < MBAR settle] *n.* a house, a single house or dwelling (esp. of the larger and more permanent sort), a family dwelling. Q. *mar* (*mard*). [PE17:163-4]

bâr [< **mbâr(a)*] *n.* ‘house’, a settled built dwelling of a family, larger or smaller. In true Sindarin, it only denoted a (small) area in which some group had at last settled more or less permanently. [PE17:109]

-bar [< MBAR settle] *suffix.* a region inhabited by a people. Only used in old names. Sindarin usually used *-dor* instead. Q. *-mar*. [PE17:164] ☞ *-dor*

barad 1a [< BARAT] *n.* a great towering building (fort, city, castle), tower. Q. *taras*, *tarminas*. [PE17:22:85] ☞ *Barad-dûr*

barad 1b [< BARAT/BARAD] *n.* tower. [PE17:65]

barad 1c [< BAR-AT/AD lofty, high] *n.* tower. Q. *marto*. [PE17:66]

Barad-dûr [-] *topon.* #‘Dark Tower’. [PE17:31:85-6] ☞ *barad*, *dûr*

baran soft mut. of **paran** [PE17:86:171] ☞ *Dol Baran*, *paran*

bardh {ð} [< **mbar* or *mbardâ* < MBAR settle] *n.* home, the (proper) place for one (or a community) to dwell in. [PE17:164]

bardor [< *bar-ndor*] *n.* ‘home-land, native land’. [PE17:164]

- bartham** [-] *n.* a large building of masonry used as a dwelling. Northern Sindarin form of **barthan**. [PE17:109] ☞
barthan
- barthan** [-] *n.* a large building of masonry used as a dwelling. This word was modelled on Q. *Martan* (*martam*-).
 Northern Sindarin *bartham*. [PE17:109] ☞ *bartham*
- bauda-** [prob. < ABA] *v.* ban, prohibit, refuse. [PE17:143]
- baur** soft mut. of **paur** [PE17:42] ☞ *Celebrimbor*
- baw** [< BĀ primitive ejaculation accompanied with jerk of head] *interj.* imperious negative imperative, ‘do not, don’t’. Q. *vá*.
 [PE17:143:145]
- bein** [< *gwenyā* < GWEN fair, beautiful (prob. originally fresh, fair, unblemished esp. of beauty of youth)] Q. *wenya*. [PE17:191]
 ☞ *bain*
- belaith** [< BEL, MBEL] *adj.* mighty. Q. *melehta*. [PE17:115]
- Belchur** [< BEL, MBEL + ?] *theon.* Q. *Melkor, Melkóre*. [PE17:115] ☞ *Belegûr*
- beleg** [< *mbelek* < BEL, MBEL] *adj.* large, great. Q. *melek-*. [PE17:115]
- beleg** [-] *adj.* large, great, big. [PE17:115]
- belegaer** [< ? + GAYA Sea] *n.* ocean. [PE17:149]
- Belegûr** [< BEL, MBEL + ?] *theon.* Q. *Melkor, Melkóre*. [PE17:115] ☞ *Belchur*
- Beleriand** [-] *topon.* -. [PE17:29]
- belerieth** [-] *fem. n.* [PE17:139] ☞ #*balar*
- belerion** [-] *masc. n.* [PE17:139] ☞ #*balar*
- ben** [-] [PE17:167]
- ben-** soft mut. of **pen-** [PE17:34]
- ben** [< *knenedê*] *suff.* obsolete except in few names. [PE17:141] ☞ *pen-*
- Ben-adar** ‘father-less’ soft mut. of **Pen-adar** [PE17:34:167] ☞ *Pen-adar*
- benia-** [< *ban* fair] [PE17:149]
- bereth** 1a [-] *n.* spouse, used of one who is queen as spouse of a king. Tolkien notes the parallel with the word *queen*
 “being in origin only an ancient word for wife or woman already in Old English reserved for the King’s wife”.
 [PE17:23]
- bereth** 1b [< **barathi(e)* < BARATH] *n.* feminine personalized form, probably = ‘supreme, sublime, queen’. Q. **Varsi*.
 [PE17:23]
- Bereth** [-] *theon.* a form of *Elbereth* seldom used. [PE17:22]
- Bereth (in)-elin** [-] *theon.* form of *Elbereth* if it would have been formed later. *Bereth (in)-elin* << *Bereth-elin*. [PE17:176]
- Bereth (in)gîl** [-] *theon.* form of *Elbereth* if it would have been formed later. [PE17:176]
- Berhael** soft mut. of **Perhael** (e.g. *a·Berhael*) [PE17:102] ☞ *Perhael*
- berian** soft mut. of **perian** after article **i** [PE17:66] ☞ *perain*
- beth** [-] *n.* word. [PE17:126]
- beth** soft mut. of **peth** [PE17:46] ☞ *peth*
- brand** 1 [-] *adj.* towering; tall and massive. [PE17:22-3:61] ☞ *brann*
- brand** 2 [-] *n.* steeple. [PE17:22:61] ☞ *brann*

brann [-] *adj.* towering, tall and massive. [PE17:22-3:61] ☞ *brand*

brass [< BARAS] *n.* great cliff. [PE17:23]

brasta- [< BARAS] *n.* tower up, loom. [PE17:23]

Bregalad [-] *prop. n. Bot.* ‘quick (lively) tree’, Quickbeam. Tolkien notes that “*Quicken* or *Quickbeam* are actual names of ‘rowan’ or ‘mountain-ash’ = German *Vogelbeere*, *Vogelbeerbaum*. [PE17:82]

brethil 1a [-] *n. Bot.* silver birch, an emblem of Elbereth. Because of its association with Elbereth, Elves associated this tree with stars, and the word was often interpreted as ‘daughter of the Queen’, ‘princess’. [PE17:19:23:82] ☞ *fimbrethil*, *nimbrethil*

brethil 1b [-] *n.* daughter of the Queen, princess. [PE17:19:82]

Bronwe [< ? + WEG, WE3] *prop. n. Q. Voronwe*. [PE17:190]

Bronweg [< Q. *Voronwe*] *prop. n.* [PE17:189]

Bruenwi [< ? + WĒ? WE3 ‘person’, individual (only used of Elves and Men)] *prop. n. Q. Voronwe*. [PE17:189]

C

- cadhad**, pl1. **cedhaid**, pl2. **cadhadrim** {ð}< Dw. *kbaḡād* *n.* Beleriandic Sindarin. [PE17:45] ☞ *nogon*
- cae** [-] *card.* ten. Q. *cea*. [PE17:95] ☞ *caen-*, *mimp*
- caen-** [-] *card.* ten. Q. *cainen*. [PE17:95] ☞ *cae*, *mimp*
- calad** [< GAL] *n.* light, fire, brightness, shining. [PE17:84] ☞ *galad*
- Caladriel** [< *Kalatā-rigelle*] *prop. n.* Interpreted or altered to *Galadriel* to reflect *Galadrim*. [PE17:50] ☞ *Galadriel*
- calan** [-] [PE17:120]
- calar** [-] *n.* lamp. [PE17:96] ☞ *calardan*
- calardan**, pl1. **celerdain** [< + TAN make with tools] *n.* lampwright. Q. *calmatan*. [PE17:96] ☞ *calar*
- Caledhel** {ð}< edelā *n.* probably #‘Light-Elf’. *Caledhel* << *Haredel* << *gveniedel* (or *gveinedel*). [PE17:140]
- Calemben** [-] *n.* probably #‘Light-elf’. [PE17:141]
- calen** (**galen**) [< GAL] *adj.* green (fresh, vigorous). *galen* after a sg. noun. Q. *kālina* (lit. illumined) sunny, light. [PE17:77:153]
- Caltariel** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:84] ☞ *calad*
- can** [-] *card.* four. Q. *canta*. [PE17:95] ☞ *canad*, *leben*
- canad** [-] *card.* four. Q. *canta*. [PE17:95] ☞ *can*, *leben*
- Carach Angren** [-] *topon.* a ravine leading into Udûn. O.E. *Isenmouthe*. [PE17:32:101] ☞ *dol*, *doll*
- Caradhras** [< S. *caran-rass* ruddy-horn] *topon.* ‘Redhorn’, a great mountain tapering upwards. Dw. *Baraz-inbar*. [PE17:35-6]
- caran** [-] *adj.* red, ruddy. [PE17:36] ☞ *Caradhras*
- Caras (i)Ngelelaidh** {ð}< [-] *topon.* pure S. form of *Caras Galadon* (used by the Silvan Elves of Lórien). [PE17:60] ☞ *Caras Galadon*
- caras** [< CAR make, build] *n.* built fort or dwelling surrounded by bulkwarks. Q. *carasse*. [PE17:51:84] ☞ *Caras Galadon*
- Caras Galadon** [-] *topon.* not actually related to trees. [PE17:59:84] ☞ *carac*, *galad*
- cared** [-] *v.* [PE17:68]
- carfa** [< KARAP] *v.* talk, speak, use tongue. *pa.t.* **agarfant**. [PE17:126]
- carweg** [-] *adj.* active; busy. [PE17:144] ☞ *-weg*
- castol** 1a [< ? + STOL helmet] *n.* Q. *castol*. [PE17:186] ☞ *thól*
- castol** 1b [< ? + POL stand up, ‘top’] *n.* Q. *keastol(o)*. [PE17:188] ☞ *thol*
- caun**, pl1. **cónin** {ō}< [-] *n.* prince, chief, head. [PE17:102]
- celeb** [< *kelep*, *kyelep*] *n.* silver. [PE17:36:42:49] ☞ *Celebdil*, *Celebrant*, *celebrin*
- Celebdil** [< S. *celeb* silver + *till* tine, spike, point] *topon.* ‘Silvertine’, a mountain crowned by a pinnacle. Dw. *Zirak-zigil*. [PE17:35-6] ☞ *celeb*, *till*
- Celeborn** [-] *prop. n.* a kinsman of Thingol. A S. name. [PE17:51:54:59] ☞ *celeb*, *orn*

- Celebrant** [-] *topon.* Silverlode. It is probable that Dwarves actually found silver in this river. Dw. *Kibil-nála*. [PE17:35:37:49:51] ☞ *celeb, -rant*
- Celebrimbor** [< *Celebrin-baur* silver-fist] *prop. n.* famous craftman, the Lord of the Elves of Eregion. He was the ruler of the Elvish realm at the time of the forging of the Rings. Q. *Telpinquar, Telperinquar* [PE17:42] ☞ *celebrin, paur*
- celebrin** [<S. *celeb* silver] *adj.* not implying ‘made of silver’ but ‘like silver’ in hue, or worth. Q. #*telperin, #telpin*. [PE17:42] ☞ *Celebrimbor*
- Celebrindal** [-] *prop. n.* a title of Idril. [PE17:112] ☞ *Idril*
- Celegorn** [< *Celegorn*] *prop. n.* Tolkien proposed that it could derive from *Celeg(n)gorn*. [PE17:112-3]
- Celegorn** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Swift-tall’. [PE17:113]
- enedril** [-] *n.* ‘looking-cristal’, looking-glass. [PE17:37] ☞ *Nen Cenedril*
- cer-** [-] *v. stem* see paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- cerin** [-] *n.* [PE17:51:55]
- certhas** [-] *pl. n.* [PE17:122] ☞ *angerthas*
- ci** {k}< k̄ [pron. thou. Lenited in *gī* as in *mae g(ī) ovannen* ‘well [art] you met’. [PE17:17]
- cidinn** [< KIN, KIT] *adj.* small. Q. *cinta*. [PE17:157]
- cinnog** [< KIN, KIT] *adj.* small. Q. *cinta*. [PE17:157]
- cîr** [-] *pl1. n.* #ships. [PE17:147]
- Círdan** [-] *prop. n.* ‘the Shipbuilder’. [PE17:27:108]
- cirith** [-] *n.* [PE17:87]
- Cirth** [-] *pl. n.* [PE17:122] ☞ *angerthas*
- cova-** [< KOB/KOM gather, collect (bring or come into same place)] *v.* come together, meet. *cova* come together, meet << *cova(d)* bring. [PE17:158]
- eova-** [< KOB, KOM gather, collect, bring to same place/point] *weak intr. v.* gather, assemble, come to same place, meet. *mae-govannen* ‘well met’. [PE17:157]
- covad-** 1a [< KOB] *v.* ‘collect’, trans. or intr. ‘assemble, bring together’. pa. t. **covant**, pp. **covannen**. [PE17:16]
- covad-** 1b [< KOB/KOM gather, collect (bring or come into same place)] *v.* bring together, make meet. [PE17:158]
- covannen** [< KOB/KOM gather, collect (bring or come into same place)] *v. pp. of covad-* met, art brought together. Late S. for *covan(n)* in *mae-govannen* ‘well meet’. [PE17:16:158]
- craban**, pl1. **crebain** [-] *n.* a bird of the crow-kind. Not an ancient S. word, and probably a loan from some Mannish tongue of North-West or from some non-Eldarin elvish of the same region. [PE17:37]
- criss** [< blend of KIR and RIS] [PE17:87] ☞ *riss*
- cû** [-] Q. *cúma*. [PE17:122]
- cûf** [-] Q. *cúma*. [PE17:122]
- cuio** [-] *v. imp.* live. *Cuio i Pheriain anann* ‘May the Halflings live long’. [PE17:102]
- curu** [-] *n.* craft; applied to all cunning things or [wily?] things, esp. when intended as mysterious or secret. [PE17:83]
- Curufin** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]

CH

-ch [-] 2nd du. pron. suff. #you (two). Q. *-llo*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

chîr mut. of **cîr** [PE17:147]

chwind [-] *n. Bot.* ordinary non-mythological word for *birch*. Q. *hwinde*. [PE17:23] ⇨ *brethil, whinn*



- d** 1 [-] 2nd *du. pron. suff.* #you (two). Q. *-star*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- d** 2 [-] *gerund suff.* [PE17:132]
- dachen** [-] [PE17:133]
- dad-** [< NDĀ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, *etc.* ‘back (again)’] [PE17:166]
- dadwen** [< NDĀ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, *etc.* ‘back (again)’ + ?] *v.* return, going/coming back. Q. *nanwen-*. [PE17:166] ☞
damen
- dae-** [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] *pref.* [PE17:151] ☞ *daebeth*
- daebeth** [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable + ?] *n.* a blasphemy. [PE17:151]
- daedel(os) (ndaedel(os))** [< *ndaed(a)el* by dissimilation < *ndae-ndael* + augmentative *os* < DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] *n.* horrible fear. [PE17:151] ☞ *dael*
- dael** [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] *n.* horror. [PE17:151]
- daer** [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] *adj.* dreadful, horrible, ghastly. [PE17:151]
- dail** 1a [-] *adj.* delicate, beautiful and fine, slender. Q. *lelya*. [PE17:139]
- dail** 1b [< *delya* < DEL] *adj.* lovely, beautiful. Q. *lelya*. [PE17:151] ☞ *deil*
- Dain** [-] [PE17:140]
- dainedhel** {ð}[-] [PE17:141]
- dalad** [< DAL bottom, ground] *n.* low lying/flat ground. Tolkien notes “Alter *dalath* to *dalad*”. [PE17:150]
- damen** [< NDAN + ?] *v.* return. Q. *nanwen-*. [PE17:166] ☞ *dan-*
- Dan** [-] [PE17:140]
- dan** 1 [-] *adv.* back to, back (in return) against, down upon, back on. *aur dan i-ngaurboth!* #‘fire back against the werewolves’. [PE17:38]
- dan** 2 [< NDĀ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, *etc.* ‘back (again)’] [PE17:166]
- dan-** [< NDAN] *pref.* Q. *nan-*. [PE17:166] ☞ *damen, dangar*
- dancen** [< *dankina* slain] Northern Sindarin. [PE17:133] ☞ *dangen*
- dandol** [< NDĀ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, *etc.* ‘back (again)’ + ?] [PE17:166]
- Danedhel** {ð}[-] [PE17:141]
- dangar** [< NDAN + ?] *v.* to undo. Q. *nankari-*. [PE17:166] ☞ *dan-*
- dangen** [< *dangben* < Western S. *danyen* < *dankina* slain] Western Sindarin. [PE17:133] ☞ *dancen*
- Dann** [-] [PE17:140]
- danna** [DAN-TA] *v.* fall. Q. *lanta-*. [PE17:66]
- dannir** [-] [PE17:141]
- Daur** [< *dara* wise] *prop. n.* Frodo. [PE17:102] ☞ *Perbael*

- de** [-] 2nd sg. *polite pron.* (to) thee/you. Pure S. form replaced by the Q. borrowing *le* in the S. used by the Noldor or mixed peoples. *de/dbe* remained in use in Doriath and in the Havens. [PE17:26] ☞ *dbe*
- deid** [-] 3rd sg. *poss. suff.* his, her. See also the paradigm of *poss. suff.* in PE17:46. Earlier *-ed*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-deith, -dyn, -ed*,
- deil** 1a [*< dehya < DĒL*] *adj.* delicate, beautiful and fine, slender. Q. *lehya*. [PE17:139:151] ☞ *dail*
- deil** 1b [*< dehya < DEL*] *adj.* lovely, beautiful. Q. *lehya*. [PE17:151] ☞ *dail*
- deith** [-] 3rd sg. *poss. suff.* his, her. See also the paradigm of *poss. suff.* in PE17:46. Earlier *-ed*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-deid, -dyn, -ed*,
- delch** [*< delkā*] *adj.* dense. Tolkien seems to consider that it is not a suitable Sindarin form. [PE17:17]
- delw** [*< delwa*] *adj.* thick, of single thing. Tolkien seems to consider that it is not a suitable Sindarin form. [PE17:17]
- Deniedhel**, pl1. **Deiniedhil** {ð}[-] *n.* probably #‘Elf of Dan’. [PE17:140]
- dern** 1a [-] *adj.* hard, thrawn. Also used for Dwarves, esp. in pl2. *dernlir*. [PE17:46] ☞ *gorn*
- dern** 1b [*< DER*] *adj.* tough. [PE17:154] ☞ *dír-*
- dern** 2, pl2. **dernlir** [-] *n.* Dwarf. [PE17:46] ☞ *gorn*
- dev-** [*< NDEB try*] Q. *nev-*. [PE17:167]
- dew** soft mut. of **tew** [PE17:43] ☞ *tew*
- dewin** [*< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)*] *v. aor.* ☞ *pron. suff.* I fail, miss, etc. [PE17:151] ☞ *dyl, dýr, edín, -n*
- di** [*< dē*] *prep.* with. Q. *lé*. [PE17:95]
- dí’nguruthos** [-] [PE17:87] ☞ *guru, thos*
- dín** [-] *n.* silence. [PE17:95:98] ☞ *Amon Dín, dínen*
- dínen** [-] *adj.* silent. [PE17:98] ☞ *dín*
- dír** [*< dērā < DER*] *adj.* hard, difficult. *dērā* << *dīrā*. [PE17:154] ☞ *dír-*
- dír-** [*< DER*] *pref.* tough. [PE17:154] ☞ *dern, dírbedui*
- dírbedui** [*< DER + ?*] *adj.* hard to utter, difficult to pronounce. [PE17:154] ☞ *dír-, gor-, gorbbedui*
- dol** [-] *n.* head (often applied to hills or mountains that had *not* a sharp apex). [PE17:32:36:173] ☞ *-dbol, doll, Dol-fanui, Fanuidbol*
- Dol Baran** [*< ? & PAR peel (hence bark, book)*] *topon.* [PE17:36:86:171] ☞ *dol, paran*
- Dol Guldur** [-] *topon.* -. [PE17:32:36] ☞ *dol, doll*
- Dol-fanui** [-] *topon.* the form taken by *Fanuidbol* with the usual S. order of word combination (*i.e.* with the adjectival element following the noun). [PE17:36] ☞ *dol, fanui*
- doll** [-] *n.* head (often applied to hills or mountains that had *not* a sharp apex). [PE17:32:36] ☞ *-dbol, dol, Dol-fanui, Fanuidbol*
- dor** [*< ndor*] *suff.* a region inhabited by a people. Usually used instead of *-bar* in Sindarin. [PE17:164] ☞ *-bar*
- Dor I thoen** [-] *topon.* ‘Land of Pines’. [PE17:81]
- Dor i Thuin** [-] *topon.* [PE17:81]
- Dor nu Fauglirh** [-] *topon.* [PE17:128]
- Dor nu Fuin** [-] *topon.* [PE17:81]
- Doriath** [-] *topon.* [PE17:128]
- dor-i-ndainn** [-] *topon.* [PE17:141]
- Dorlomin** [-] *topon.* a name in a dialect of the North, S. *Dorloven*. [PE17:133]
- Dorloven** [-] *topon.* pure Sindarin form of *Dorlomin*. [PE17:133]

- Dorn**, pl1. **Dyrn** [-] dwarf. [PE17:181]
- Dornhabar** [-] *topon.* -. Dw. *Khaṣṣad-dûm*. [PE17:35]
- Dorthonion** [-] *topon.* ‘Land of Pines’. Noldorized S. form. [PE17:81:128]
- Dorwinion** [-] *topon.* ‘Young-land country’, land of Gwinion. A land prob. far south down the river Running. [PE17:54]
- dru̯** [< (D)ROB] *adj.* savage, wild. Q. *bróva*. [PE17:99] ☞ *Druadan*
- Druadan** [< (S)ROB, (D)ROB + ?] *n.* wose, wild man. [PE17:99]
- dû** 1a [-] *n.* dimness. [PE17:37:87] ☞ *Nandubirion*
- dû** 1b [< *dōmē* < DOM] *n.* night (when viewed favourably). Q. *lóme*. [PE17:152]
- du(w)ath** [< DOM + ?] *n.* ‘night shadow’. [PE17:152] ☞ *dú*
- dúath** [< *du-wath*] *adj.* dark, black shadow. [PE17:87]
- dûn** [-] *n.* west. Q. *nû-*. [PE17:18:121] ☞ *annûn*
- Dúnadan**, pl1. **Dúnedain** [-] *n.* lit. ‘Western Man, Man of West(ernes)’ (*Dûn-adan*), the three Houses of Men. Used in Rivendell as a name of Aragorn. Q. pl1. *Núnatani. Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g’ovannen.* ‘Ah! At last, Dúnadan ! Well met !’. [PE17:16:18:32:131] ☞ *adan*
- dúnedel, dúnedil**, pl2. **dúnedellim** [-] *n.* #‘West-Elf, Noldo. [PE17:140-2] ☞ *dún, edhel*
- dúneglarim** [-] pl2. *n.* [PE17:142]
- dúneglir** [-] pl1. *n.* [PE17:142] ☞ *dúnellir*
- dúneglon**, pl1. **dúneglyn** [-] *masc. n.* [PE17:142] ☞ *-on*
- dúnel**, pl1. **dúnil**, pl2. **dúneldhrim** {ð}[-] *n.* #‘West-Elf, Noldo. [PE17:140-2] ☞ *dúnelt, ell*
- dúnelleth** [-] *fem. n.* #West-Elf. [PE17:142] ☞ *-eth*
- dúnellir** [-] pl1. *n.* #West-Elves. [PE17:142] ☞ *dúneglir*
- dúnellon**, pl1. **dúnellyn** [-] *masc. n.* #West-Elf. [PE17:142] ☞ *-on*
- dúnelt**, pl1. **dúnilt**, pl2. **dúneldhrim** {ð}[-] *n.* #West-Elf. [PE17:142] ☞ *dúnel*
- dúnigil** [-] *n.* [PE17:142]
- dûr** 1a [-] *adj.* dark (with evil implications, e.g. *Barad-dûr*). [PE17:31:85] ☞ *Barad-dûr*
- dûr** 1b [< (*n*)*dūrā*] *adj.* dark, gloomy, ‘hellish’. [PE17:152]
- dý-** {ȳ} [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] *pref.* [PE17:151] ☞ *dýgar*
- dýgar** 1 [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper) + ?] *n.* a mistaken act. [PE17:151] ☞ *dýl, dýr*
- dýgar** 2 [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper) + ?] *adj.* doing a thing wrong. [PE17:151] ☞ *dýl, dýr*
- dýl** [< *deulē* < DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] *n.* a mistake. [PE17:151]
- dyn** [-] 3rd *sg. poss. suff.* his, her. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier *-ed*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-deid, -deith, -ed,*
- dýr** [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] *adj.* mistaken, off point, not right. [PE17:151]

DH

-dh 1a {ð}[-] 2nd *du. pron. suff.* #you (two). Q. *-star*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

-dh 1b {ð}[-] 2nd *sg. pron. suff.* #you. Q. *-tar*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

dhe {ð}[-] 2nd *sg. polite pron.* (to) thee/you. Pure S. form replaced by the Q. borrowing *le* in the S. used by the Noldor or mixed peoples. *de/dhe* remained in use in Doriath and in the Havens. [PE17:26] ☞ *dhe*

-dhir {ð}[-] 2nd *pl. pron. suff.* #you. Q. *-ltar*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

-dhol [< S. *dol/doll* head (often applied to hills or mountains that had *not* a sharp apex)] *suff.* head (often applied to hills or mountains that had *not* a sharp apex). [PE17:36] ☞ *Fannidhol*

E

ech [-] *pron.* maybe (2nd sg. ?) emphatic or reflexive pronoun. [PE17:46] ☞ *est, im*

echad- [<*et-keat-* out-shape, form] *v.* -. Deleted pa.t. forms after this verb : *edagant, edagad*. [PE17:42] ☞ *echant*

echant [< *edagant* < *et-keantē* shape, form] *v. pa.t. of echad-* ‘shaped out’, shaped and made. *Im Narvi hain echant* ‘I Narvi made them’. *edagant* was originally a S. pa.t. form which was deleted (together with pa.t. *edagad*). [PE17:42] ☞ *echad-*

-ed [-] 3rd *sg. poss. suff.* his, her. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later *-deid, -deith, -dyn*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-deid, -deith, -dyn*

Edaerel [-] [PE17:140]

Edaeron [-] [PE17:140]

edagad [-] *v. pa.t. of echad-* [PE17:42] ☞ *echad-*

edagant [-] *v. pa.t. of echad-* [PE17:42] ☞ *echad-*

edel, pl1. **edil** [< *etelō*] *n.* [PE17:142]

edel [-] [PE17:140]

edelbar [-] *n.* [PE17:142]

Edelbar [-] *topon.* [PE17:142]

Edeldor [< *Etelo-ndor*] *topon.* [PE17:142]

edhel 1a [-] *n.* Elf, a general name for all the Elves (since the name *Quendi* had gone out of use in Sindarin). Probably related to or connected with Q. *Elda*. [PE17:45] ☞ *edhellen*

edhel 1b, pl1. **edhil**, pl2. **edhellim** {ð}[-] *n.* Elf. A name used by the Sindar for themselves, characterizing other varieties by an adjective or prefix. [PE17:139] ☞ *Aredhel, Thinnedhel*

edhel 1c {ð}{< *edelō*] *n.* Elf. [PE17:140-1]

edhel 1d [< **edelā* Elf < DEL] *n.* Elf. Q. *elda*. [PE17:151]

edhel 1e, pl1. **edhil** {ð}{< **edelā* < EL] *n.* marcher, one who went forth. [PE17:152]

edhellen [-] *adj.* Elvish. *annon edhellen edro hi ammen!* ‘Elvish gate open now for us’. [PE17:45] ☞ *edhel*

Edhelvein [-] *prop. n.* ‘fair as an Elf, a title of Arwen. [PE17:56]

Edhelwen {ð}[-] *prop. n.* [PE17:190]

edīw [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] *v. pa.t.* failed, missed, *etc.* [PE17:151] ☞ *dewin, dyl, dŷr*

edlen [< *et-lendā*] *adj.* exiled. [PE17:51] ☞ *edlenn*

edlenn [< *et-lendā*] *adj.* exiled. [PE17:51] ☞ *edlen*

edlon [< *etlō*] *n.* ‘outsider’, stranger. [PE17:141]

edra- [< *etr-* open (intr.) < *et out*] *v.* open (out). [PE17:45] ☞ *edro*

edraith [< *et out* + *rektie* < ? + REK recover, get out/away, save from ruin/peril/loss] *n.* rescue, saving. *naur an edraith ammen!* ‘fire [be] for rescue/saving for us’. [PE17:38]

edro [-] *v. imp. of edra-* open. *annon edhellen edro hi ammen!* ‘Elvish gate open now for us’. [PE17:45] ☞ *edra-*

- eg** [-] 2nd sg./pl. poss. suff. your. Maybe the familiar form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later
-gen. [PE17:46] ☞ *-el, -gen*
- egel** [-] *n*. [PE17:140:142]
- egl**, pl2. **eglath**, **eglathrim**, **eglawaith** [-] [PE17:134:140]
- egġ** [-] *n*. [PE17:142]
- eglamar** [-] [PE17:141]
- Eglarim** [-] pl2. *n*. a name used for the Noldor. [PE17:141]
- egledhel** {ð}[-] [PE17:140]
- eglerio** [-] *v. imp.* glorify. [PE17:102]
- egleth** [-] *n*. probably a feminine form of **egel**. [PE17:140]
- Eglir** [-] *n*. a name used for the Noldor. [PE17:140-1]
- Eglon** [< *etlō*, pl. *etlōi*] *masc. n*. a name of the Noldor given by the Sindar. probably a masculine form of **egel**. [PE17:140-2]
- ein-** [< *anya* < *amya* < MAY excellent, admirable] *pref. Q. amya-*. [PE17:163]
- ein-** [-] *pref. Q. amya-* [PE17:172]
- el** [-] *n*. star. [PE17:55]
- êl**, pl1. **elin**, pl2. **elenath** [< EL star] *n*. star. *Q. elen*, pl1. *eldi, eleni*, pl2. *elleli*. [PE17:24:67:127:139-40:151] ☞ *elen*
- el** [-] 2nd sg./pl. poss. suff. your. Maybe the polite form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later -
lein. [PE17:46] ☞ *-eg, -lein*
- elanor** [< S. *el* star + S. *anor* Sun] *n. Bot.* ‘sun-star’. [PE17:55:110]
- Elbereth** 1a [= *El-bereth* < *el* + *mbereth* < **elen-barathî*] *theon.* ‘Star-queen’. On the mythological association of Varda with stars, see PE17:22. Same meaning as *Q. Elentári*. Rarely *Bereth*. Formed later, *Elbereth* would prob. have been given such forms as *Bereth (in)-elîn* or *Bereth (in)gîl*. [PE17:22:23:152:176] ☞ *Bereth (in)-elîn, êl, elen*
- Elbereth** 1b [< *el* star + **mbarathî*] *theon.* [PE17:66]
- eldeth** [-] *n*. probably a feminine form of **ell**. [PE17:140]
- eldrim** [-] pl2. *n*. [PE17:142]
- eledh**, pl1. **elidh**, pl2. **eledhrim** {ð}{< *eledā*} *n*. used for all elves. Form obsolete as specific ‘tribal’ or general, except as element in certain proper-names. *Q. elda*. [PE17:140-2]
- Eledhbar** {ð}[-] *topon.* [PE17:142]
- eledhes** {ð}[-] *n*. maybe a feminine form of **eledh**. [PE17:141-2] ☞ *-es*
- eledhir** {ð}[-] *n*. [PE17:142]
- eledhon** {ð} [-] *n*. probably a masculine form of **eledh**. [PE17:141-2] ☞ *-on*
- elein**, pl2. **eleniath**, **elenwaith** [< *elenyā* < *elenā* < ELEN a star] *n. Poet.* star. [PE17:139]
- Elemmar** [-] *topon.* [PE17:142]
- elen**, pl1. **elin**, pl2. **elenath** [< EL star] *n*. star. Its collective plural (pl2.) designates ‘the (host of all the) stars, (all) the (visible) stars of the firmament’. *Q. elen*, pl1. *eldi, eleni. o menel aqlar elenath* ! lit. ‘from Firmament glory of the stars !’. [PE17:20-1:24-5:67:139:151] ☞ *êl*
- elenathon** [-] *gen. of elenath* of the (host of all the) stars. [PE17:25] ☞ *elen*
- elenil** [-] [PE17:140]

Elennor [< *Eled* | *ndor*] *topon.* [PE17:142]

elenon [-] [PE17:140]

elia- [< ALA good, blessed, fortunate] *n.* to cause to prosper, bless (a work), help one. Q. *alya-*. [PE17:146]

ell 1a [< EL] *n. Poet.* only applied to the Noldorin Exiles. A word borrowed from Quenya. [PE17:140:152] ☞ *elles, ellon*

ell 1b, pl2. **eldrim** [< *eldō*] *n.* [PE17:140]

ell 1c [-] *n. elf, esp.* [?in ?the ?South]. Noldorin form. [PE17:141]

ell 1d, pl1. **ellir**, pl2. **eldrim**, **ellath** [< *eld*] *n.* a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. [PE17:141]

ell 1e, pl2. **eldrim** [< *eldā*] *n.* [PE17:141]

elles [< EL] *fem. n. Poet.* only applied to the Noldorin Exiles. A word borrowed from Quenya. [PE17:152] ☞ *ell, elles*

elleth, pl1. **ellith** [< *eld*] *n.* a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. Probably a feminine form of **ell**. [PE17:141-2] ☞ *-eth*

ellir [< EL] *n.* [PE17:142:152] ☞ *ell, elles, ellon*

ellon 1a, pl1. **ellyn** [< *eld*] *masc. n. elf, esp.* [?in ?the ?South]. Noldorin form. a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. Probably a masculine form of **ell**. *ellon* << *eldron* (PE17:140). [PE17:141-2:151] ☞ *-on*

ellon 1b [< EL] *masc. n. Poet.* only applied to the Noldorin Exiles. A word borrowed from Quenya. [PE17:152] ☞ *ell, ellon*

Elrenniel [-] *prop. n.* #‘Daughter of Elrond’. *Elrenniel* << *Elrendiel* << *Elrondiel* << *hel-Elrond* << *Elrondhel*. [PE17:56]

Elrond [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:183]

elt [-] [PE17:141]

Elu 1a [-] *prop. n. Q. Elwe.* [PE17:176]

Elu 1b [< Q. *Elwe*] *prop. n.* [PE17:189]

-em [-] *1st pl. poss. suff.* our. Maybe the excl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later *-main*, *-mein*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-main, -mein*

eméné- {ē} [-] *v. p.a.t.* [PE17:93]

en [-] *poss. art.* of the. [PE17:102]

-en 1a [-] *1st sg. poss. suff.* my. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later *-nin*. [PE17:46] ☞ *lammen, -nin*

-en 1b [-] *fem. suff.* used in patronimics. [PE17:170] ☞ *-ien, -ion, -on*

ena, pl. **enan** [-] *poss. art.* usually, esp. later reduced to *en* before vowel (not when *g* was lost), *na* before consonant. Plural is *enan* > *en n/*, *nan*. [PE17:97] ☞ *na*

-enc [-] *1st pl. poss. suff.* our. Maybe the incl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. [PE17:46]

eneg [-] *card. six. Q. enque, enc-*. [PE17:95] ☞ *odog*

eni, pl. **enin** [-] *poss. art.* used with object, form of **an** when preceding an article, e.g. *mellyn enin Edbellion* #‘Friends of the Elves’. [PE17:97]

Ennor [< EN(ED) centre, middle+NDOR land] *topon.* ‘Middle-earth’. Poetic form *ennorath*. Q. *Endor, Endóre*. [PE17:26:121] ☞ *ennorath*

ennorath [< EN(ED) centre, middle+NDOR land] *pl2. n. Poet.* ‘Middle-earth’, ‘(all) the Middle-lands’, the group of central lands (between the seas). A poetic expression for the usual *Ennor. o galadb-remmin ennorath* lit. ‘from tree-tangled middlelands’. [PE17:20-1:25-6] ☞ *-ath, Ennor*

-ent [-] *3rd pl. poss. suff.* their. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later *-wen*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-wen*

ephel [-] *n.* surrounding ring. [PE17:87]

ephel [< *eppel* < *et-pel* < ? + PEL edge, bound, fence, limite] *n.* outer wall or fence. [PE17:65]

Ephel Duath [-] *topon.* [PE17:152] ☞ *du(w)ath*

er [-] *card.* one. Q. *er*. [PE17:95] ☞ *min, tad*

Ered Lithui [-] *topon.* [PE17:173]

Ered Luin [-] *topon.* ‘Blue Mountains’. [PE17:136]

Ered Wethrin [-] *topon.* [PE17:128]

Eredwethrin [-] *topon.* [PE17:134]

ereg [-] *n.* Bot. holly. [PE17:42] ☞ *Eregion*

Eregion [-] *topon.* Hollin. [PE17:42] ☞ *ereg, -ion*

Eriador [< **eryā* + ?] *topon.* ‘Lonely land’. A Silvan name. [PE17:28]

ernil [-] *n.* [PE17:96]

Eryd Nimrais [-] *topon.* [PE17:168] ☞ *ered, nimras*

Eryd Wethrin [-] *topon.* [PE17:128]

Erydweithian [-] *topon.* [PE17:42] ☞ *orod, -ian*

Erydweithiand [-] *topon.* [PE17:42] ☞ *orod, -iand*

Eryd-weithion [-] *topon.* [PE17:42] ☞ *orod, -ion*

eryn [< pl. *orom* trees ?] *n.* forest, wood of trees. [PE17:33:119]

-es, pl1. -is [-] *suff.* fem. ending referring to persons or animals used after *db* [= *ð*], *th*. [PE17:141] ☞ *-eth, -on*

esbin 1a [< *spini*-] *n.* thin thread. [PE17:17]

esbin 1b [< SPIN-ID lock, tress of human/elvish hair] *n.* a tress. [PE17:119] ☞ *findel*

esgal [< *skalā* the action or effect of overshadowing < SKAL cover, veil, cloak, conceal] *n.* a cast shadow. Q. *hala*, poet. *ixal*. [PE17:184]

Esgalduin [-] *n.* lit. ‘the river under shadow’. [PE17:15]

est [-] *pron.* maybe (3rd sg. ?) emphatic or reflexive pronoun. [PE17:46] ☞ *ech, im*

Estel [-] *n.* hope. *ónen i-Estel Edain* ‘I gave the “Hope” (to) Men’. [PE17:117]

esten [< **stenna* short < STEN cut short, limit, confine, cramp] *adj.* Q. *thenna, senna*. [PE17:185] ☞ *thenn*

estent [< *stenta*] Q. *thenta, senta*. [PE17:141]

-eth, pl1. -ith [-] *suff.* fem. ending referring to persons or animals. *-es* after *db* [= *ð*], *th*. [PE17:141] ☞ *-es, -on*

F

- fain** 1a [< PHAN white] *adj.* white and shining, white, shimmering. Q. *fanya*. [PE17:26:36] ☞ *fân, fanui*
- fain** 1b [< *phanyā < PHAN cover, screen, veil] *adj.* dim, dimmed (applied to dimmed or fading lights or to things seen in them); filmy, fine-woven, *etc.* (applied to things that only partially screened light, such as a canopy of young still half-transparent leaves, or textures that veiled but only half-concealed a form). [PE17:174]
- fain** 2 [< *phanyā < PHAN cover, screen, veil] *n.* vague shape or fleeting glimpse, esp. of ‘apparitions’ or figures seen in dreams. [PE17:174]
- fair** [< pberyā < PHERE] *adj.* quick, ready, prompt. [PE17:181] ☞ *feir*
- falas** 1a [< PHAL foam] *n.* surfline, seashore. Q. *falasse*. [PE17:62]
- falas** 1b [-] *n.* beach, strand. [PE17:73:97] ☞ *Anfalas*
- faloth** [-] *n.* a large (foamy) wave. [PE17:18] ☞ *Asfaloth*
- fân** 1a [< FAN white, esp. applied to reflected light as of clouds, snow, frost, mist] *n.* shape, with the added notion of light and whiteness. It was thus often used where we might use ‘a vision’ (of something beautiful and sublime). Q. *fana-*. Tolkien notes that “Yet being elvish, though it may be used of things remote, it has no implication either of uncertainty or unreality” (PE17:26). In the name *Fannilos* of Elbereth, the *Fân* was the vision of majesty of Elbereth upon the mountain where she dwelt. [PE17:26]
- fân** 1b [< *phanā < PHAN cover, screen, veil] *n.* a veil, a covering concealing what lay within or behind. Frequently used of clouds in the sky, as veils over the blue heaven or the sun, the moon, *etc.* (white cloud). It became its leading sense. Usual word for ‘cloud’, floating clouds, or those for a while resting upon or wreathing hills and mountain-top. It was seldom applied to any but things of soft textures (woven veils, mantles, or curtains). The lengthening of the vowel only took place where the word was used alone as a stressed monosyllable. After the coming of the Noldorin Exiles in Middle-earth, the meaning of Q. *fana* (*i.e.* shining shape, ‘angelic’ spirit) was assumed by S. *fân*. [PE17:36:173-4:176] ☞ *fain, fanui, Fannuidhol*
- Fangorn** [-] *prop. n.* Beard of Tree. [PE17:84] ☞ *orn*
- fanha-** [< *phantā- < PHAN cover, screen, veil] *v.* to veil, cloak. Q. *fanta-*. Naturally mainly used of veils cast over things that shone, or were brighter and more vivid. [PE17:174]
- fanui** 1a [< FAN white, esp. applied to reflected light as of clouds, snow, frost, mist] *adj.* cloudy. [PE17:26:36] ☞ *Dol-fanui, Fannuidhol*
- fanui** 1b [< PHAN cover, screen, veil] *adj.* cloudy, having much cloud. [PE17:173] ☞ *Fannuidhol, -ui*
- Fanuidhol** [= *fanui* + *dol*] *topon.* ‘Cloudyhead’, name of a mountain. Dw. *Bundu-shathûr*. [PE17:35:173] ☞ *fanui, dol*
- Fanuilos** 1a [< FAN white, esp. applied to reflected light as of clouds, snow, frost, mist + ?] *theon.* ‘Figure (bright and majestic) upon Uilos’. It is not clear whether *fanui-* is the adjective *fanui* ‘cloudy’ or the name should be devised *fanuilos* (PE17:26). [PE17:26]
- Fanuilos** 1b [= *Fan-uilos*] *theon.* ‘(bright) angelic figure ever-(snow) white (shining after)’, ‘of/upon Uilos’, ‘far away upon Uilos’, a title or second name of Elbereth/Varda. [PE17:174:176:180]

fanwos [-] [PE17:174]

faran [-] *n.* any growing thing or plant. Q. *farne/pharne*. [PE17:83] ☞ *farn-*

farn- [-] *n.* any growing thing or plant. Q. *farne/pharne*. [PE17:83] ☞ *faran*

faw [< PHAW] Q. *foa*. [PE17:181] ☞ *phaw*

Feanor 1a [-] *prop. n.* -. Q. *Feanáro*. [PE17:39]

Feanor 1b [-] *prop. n.* Sindarized form of Q. *Feanór*. [PE17:117]

feir [< *pberyā* < PHERE] *adj.* quick, ready, prompt. [PE17:181] ☞ *fair*

fela [< *phelgā* mine, boring, tunnel, underground dwell[ing]] *n.* Q. *felya. phelgā* (the added vowel might be *ò*) << *phelg-*. [PE17:118]

Felagun [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]

Felagund [-] *prop. n.* Tolkien added the note “Don’t like Felagund”. [PE17:117]

fele [< PHELEK, PHELES] [PE17:118]

feleg [-] *n.* cave, mine, underground dwelling. Q. *felco*. Q. [PE17:118]

Feleggund [< *Feleg-gund*] *prop. n.* [PE17:118]

Felegond [-] *prop. n.* on this name, Tolkien notes “Is *Felegond* = of stone, or = *kondo*, lord” (PE17:118). [PE17:118]

Felegund [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:118]

feli [< PHELEK, PHELES] [PE17:118]

fen [< PHEN door] *n.* door. Q. *fenna*. [PE17:45:98:181] ☞ *fennas*

fennas [-] *n.* doorway. *fennas* *nogothrim lasto beth lammen* ‘doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue’. [PE17:45] ☞ *fen*

fer- [< PHERE] *pref.* [PE17:181] ☞ *fergar*

fergar [< PHERE + ?] soon done. [PE17:181] ☞ *fair, feir, feria-, ferui*

fergenol [< PHERE + ?] *adj.* quick to see or perceive, sharp-sighted (or ~witted), *etc.* [PE17:181] ☞ *fair, feir, fergar, feria-, ferui*

feria- [< PHERE] *v.* make ready (promptly). Q. *ferya-*. [PE17:181] ☞ *fair, feir, fergar, ferui*

ferui [< PHERE] *adj.* ready to hand, (quickly) available. Q. *férima, ferina*. [PE17:181] ☞ *fair, feir, fergar, feria-*

Fileg [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:118]

fim [-] *adj.* slim, slender. Q. *fimbi-*. [PE17:23:82] ☞ *fimbrethil*

fimbrethil [-] *n.* *Bot.* ‘slender princess’, silver birch. Fuller form of *brethil*. [PE17:23] ☞ *brethil, nimbrethil*

Fimbrethil [-] *prop. n.* ‘slender princess’. [PE17:82]

fin [< SPIN a single hair, filament] *n.* [PE17:17]

Fin-Argon [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]

find [< **spindē*] *n.* single hair (of man or elf). [PE17:17] ☞ *finn*

finde [< *spindidele* < ? + DĚL] *n.* #fine hair. [PE17:151] ☞ *deil*

findel 1 [< **spindilā*] *n.* *Poet.* head of hair (fax). Preserved mainly in such old names as *Glorfindel* ‘Golden-hair’. [PE17:17] ☞ *find, finn, finnel*

findel 2 [< *spin-dela* < SPIN-ID lock, tress of human/elvish hair] *adj.* having beautiful hair. [PE17:119] ☞ *Glorfindel*

Findel [< SPIN-ID lock, tress of human/elvish hair] *prop. n.* Fairfax. [PE17:119] ☞ *findel*

- Findelor** [-] *prop. n.* ‘hair-golden’. Q. *Findelaure*. [PE17:119] ☞ *findel*, *Finglor*
- Findrod** [< Q. *Findarāto*] *prop. n.* [PE17:135]
- fineg** [< *finik*, *fink*] -. Q. *finca*. [PE17:17]
- Finglor** [-] *prop. n.* ‘hair-golden’. Q. *Findelaure*. [PE17:119] ☞ *findel*, *Findelor*
- Fin-Goldor** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]
- Fin-Golfin** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]
- Fingolfin** [< Q. *Finve·ñolofinve*] *prop. n.* [PE17:117-8]
- Fingolodh** {ð}[-] *prop. n.* probably cognate with (Q.?) *Fingoldo*. [PE17:117]
- Fingon** [-] *prop. n.* Tolkien proposed revision of this name: *Finion* or *Fingorn* (PE17:112). [PE17:112:118]
- Fingon** [-] *prop. n.* Sindarized form of Q. *Finicān*. Tolkien proposed to change it : *Finion* or *Fingorn*. [PE17:113]
- Fingorn** [< *Phiniñgornā*] *prop. n.* ‘Revered Fin(we)’. Tolkien proposed this form as replacement for *Fingon*. [PE17:113]
☞ *Fingon*
- Finion** [-] *prop. n.* Tolkien proposed this form as replacement for *Fingon*. *Finion* << *Findor*. [PE17:113] ☞ *Fingon*
- finn** [< **spindē*] *n.* single hair (of man or elf). [PE17:17] ☞ *find*
- finnel** [< O.S. *findel* < **spin-delē* mass of hairs, head of hair < SPIN a single hair, filament + DEL thick, dense] *n.* mass of long hair. [PE17:17] ☞ *find*, *finn*
- Finrod** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117-8]
- Finrod** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:154-5]
- Finugon** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]
- firen** [-] [PE17:101] ☞ *firin*
- firin** [-] *adj.* mortal. [PE17:101] ☞ *firen*
- for** [-] *n.* right-hand, north. Q. *for-*. [PE17:18] ☞ *forn*
- Forlonnas** [-] *topon.* ‘(Realm of the) North-harbourage’, another name of *Arnor* that soon fell out of general colloquial use. Shorter form of *Arthor na Forlonnas*. Q. *Forolondie*, *Follondie*. [PE17:28] ☞ *Arnor*, *Arthor na Forlonnas*
- forn** [-] *n.* the North. Q. *formen*. [PE17:18] ☞ *for*
- Forochel** [< *forod* + *kehel*] *topon.* [PE17:116]
- forod** [-] *adj.* northern. Q. *forna*. [PE17:18:116] ☞ *for*, *Forochel*
- fuin** [-] [PE17:120]

G

-g [-] 2nd sg. pron. suff. #you. Q. *-l(ye)*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

gaear [< GAY(AR)] *n.* Sea, especially the Great (Western) Sea. Shorter form *gaer*. Q. *ear*. [PE17:27] ☞ *aear, gaer*

gaearon [-] *n.* ocean. Augmentative form of *gaear* Sea. Q. *earon, airon*. [PE17:27] ☞ *gaear*

gaer 1a [< *gairä* < GAY(AR)] *n.* Sea, especially the Great (Western) Sea. Shorter form of *gaear*. Q. *aire* (obsolete). [PE17:27] ☞ *aear, gaear*

gaer 1b [< GAYA Sea] *n.* ocean. [PE17:149]

Gaerdil [-] *prop. n.* Q. *Earendil. Gaerdil* << *Gaerdillon*. [PE17:27] ☞ *gaear, gaer*

Gaerdilion [-] *prop. n.* Q. *Earendil*. [PE17:27] ☞ *gaear, gaer*

gaerdilnir [-] *n.* probably a Sindarin form of Q. *Earendil*. [PE17:19] ☞ *gaerdilon, gaerennil*

gaerdilon [-] *n.* probably a Sindarin form of Q. *Earendil*. [PE17:19] ☞ *gaerdilnir, gaerennil*

gaerennil [-] *n.* probably a Sindarin form of Q. *Earendil*. [PE17:19] ☞ *gaerdilnir, gaerdilon*

gaeron [< GAYA Sea] *n.* ocean. [PE17:149]

gail, pl1. **gñl**, pl2. **giliath** [< Eldarin **gilyā* < GIL shine (white)] *n.* silver spark. [PE17:30:152] ☞ *gail, geil*

gal- [-] *v. pres. stem* see paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

gâl [-] *v.* #he/she grows. [PE17:131]

gal- [< ÐAL [ÐGAL] shine clear] S. *ŋ > ʒ > g*. ÐAL [ÐGAL] shine clear << ÐAL, ÐGAL shine (golden). [PE17:169]

gala [-] *v.* #he/she grows. [PE17:131]

galad 1a [< *kalat-* radiance < GAL < KAL shine] *n.* radiance. [PE17:50] ☞ *Galadriel, Gil-galad*

galad 1b [< GAL] *n.* light, fire, brightness, shining. [PE17:84] ☞ *calad, Caras Galadon*

galadh 1a [< **galadā* a large plant (general term), tree < GALA grow like plants] *n.* Bot. tree, like oak (*nordh*) and beech. A *galadh* was more thick, dense and branching than a *orn*. In Sindarin, there was no much distinction in size between *galað* and *orn*. A *galað* was more thick, dense and branching than a *orn*. Birch, ash and oak are of the *orn* kind. Q. *alda*. [PE17:25:50] ☞ *orn*

galadh 1b {ð} [< **galadā* < **galadā* < GAL to grow (like a plant)] *n.* tree. In Sindarin, there was no much distinction in size between *galað* and *orn*. A *galað* was more thick, dense and branching than a *orn*. Birch, ash and oak are of the *orn* kind. Q. *alda*. [PE17:25:136] ☞ *orn*

galadh 1c {ð} [< **galadā* a large vegetable growth < GAL grow/flourish] *n.* In Sindarin, there was no much distinction in size between *galað* and *orn*. A *galað* was more thick, dense and branching than a *orn*. Birch, ash and oak are of the *orn* kind. Q. *alda*. [PE17:25:153] ☞ *orn*

Galadhrim [-] pl2. *n.* ‘Tree-people’. True S. form of *Galadrim*. [PE17:50] ☞ *Galadrim*

galadhon {ð} [-] *n.* ☞ *poss. suff.* of trees. *lais geledhion*, ~ *galadhon* ‘the leaves of trees’. [PE17:97] ☞ *geledhion, -on*

Galadon [< *Calatāna*] [PE17:84] ☞ *Caras Galadon*

- galadhremmen**, pl1. **galadhremmin** {ð} [*< galad(a)rembinā*] *adj.* tree-tangled. *o galadb-remmin ennorath* lit. ‘from tree-tangled middlelands’. Q. *aldarembina*. [PE17:20-1:127]
- Galadriel** 1a [-] *prop. n.* ‘woman crowned with glory, radiance’. A sindarized version of original Q. *Altariel(le)*. [PE17:50:169]
- Galadriel** 1b [*< *ñaldā* or *ñaladā* gleaming sheen + ? *< ÑGAL* gleam, sheen + RIG wreath, garland, crown] *prop. n.* ‘lady with the gleaming crown’, *sc.* golden head of hair. This form was a suggestion made by Tolkien in the course of his thought, see PE17:59-60. Q. *Naldariel(le)*. [PE17:59]
- Galadriel** 1c [*< ñgalatā-rig-el-*] *prop. n.* Strangers erroneously associated *Galadriel* with Silvan *galad* ‘tree’. Q. *Ñaltariel*, T. *Altarielle*. [PE17:60]
- Galadriel** [*< galatā-r-yē*] *prop. n.* Q. *Altāriel*. [PE17:155:190]
- Galadrim** [-] pl2. *n.* ‘Tree-people’. Sylvan word, true S. *Galadbrim*. [PE17:50] ⇨ *Galadbrim*
- galan**, pl1. **gelain** [*< GALAM* elm] *n. Bot.* elm. [PE17:153]
- galen** [-] *n. Bot.* maybe an abbreviated form used for *galenas*. [PE17:100] ⇨ *galenas*
- galen** soft mut. of **calen** [PE17:77] ⇨ *calen*
- galenas** [-] *n. Bot.* nicotiana, Gondor S. For ‘pipeweed’. Q. *alanesse, alenesse*. [PE17:100] ⇨ *galen*
- galog** [-] *v. & pron. suff.* #you grow. [PE17:131]
- galon** [-] *v. & pron. suff.* #I grow. [PE17:131]
- gaur** [*< ÑGAW* falsify, deform, disguise] *n.* ‘false, disguised, deformed’, wolf (pl.2 wolf-horde). The form of *ngaur* in absolute initial position. Q. *ñauuro*. [PE17:39] ⇨ *ngaur*
- Gavar**, pl1. **Gevair** [-] *n.* Q. *Avar*, pl1. *Avari*. [PE17:139]
- geil**, pl1. **gīl**, pl2. **giliath** [*< Eldarin *gilyā < GIL* shine (white)] *n.* silver spark. [PE17:30:152] ⇨ *gail*
- geledhion** [-] pl. *n. & poss. suff.* of trees. *lais geledhion*, ~ *galadbon* ‘the leaves of trees’. [PE17:97] ⇨ *galadbon*
- gen** [-] 2nd *sg. poss. suff.* your. Maybe the familiar form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier *-eg*. [PE17:46] ⇨ *-eg*
- gí** {ī} soft mut. of **ci** [PE17:17]
- gil** [*< gīllē/gīlle < ÑGIL*] *n. -*. [PE17:23]
- gil-** [*< GIL* shine (white)] *pref.* spark, often used for ‘star’. Form of **gail/geil** in compounds. [PE17:23:152] ⇨ *gail, geil, Gilgalad*
- Gilgalad** [*< *gilicalat-* *< GIL* shine (white) + ?] *prop. n.* ‘Starlight’. [PE17:152] ⇨ *gil-*
- Gil-galad** 1a [-] *prop. n.* ‘Star of (clear) light’. [PE17:15:169] ⇨ *gal-*
- Gil-galad** 1b, pl1. **Gilgelaid** [*< Gill calad*] *prop. n.* ‘Radiant Star(s), Star-light’. See also the (prob. primitive) form *Gillingalati*. [PE17:50:59] ⇨ *galad*
- Gilraen** [*< ? + RAYA* ‘smile’, show pleasure or favour in facial expression] *prop. n.* [PE17:182] ⇨ *raen*
- Gilthoniel** 1a [*< ÑGIL+THĀN/THĀN* kindle] *theon.* ‘Star-kindler’. Q. *Tintalle*. THĀN/THĀN << TÁN << TON; ÑGIL << GIL. [PE17:23]
- Gilthoniel** 1b [*< ? + THAN* kindle] *theon.* Starkindler (in past). [PE17:82] ⇨ *thoniel*
- gir** [-] 2nd *pl. pron. suff.* #you. Q. *-lle*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- Glamdring** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:84]

glamhoth [= *glam-both*] *pl2. n.* ‘din-horde’, the Orcs. [PE17:39] ☞ *both*

glaur- [< LAW, LAWAR] *pref.* golden colour of sunshine or golden-flowers. The application to gold of the stem was poetic and referred primarily to colour (as esp. of laburnum) not to material (Q. *malta*). [PE17:159]

Glauring [-] *prop. n.* Tolkien notes “Alter *Glauring* > *Angruin*”. [PE17:183] ☞ *Angruin*

glaw- [< LAW, LAWAR] *pref.* sunshine. [PE17:159]

glawar 1a [-] *n.* Q. *laure*, Nand. *lór*. [PE17:48] ☞ *Lothlórien, Lothlúrien, Lothbýrian*

glawar 1b [< LAW, LAWAR] *n.* (golden) blossom. Q. *loar, lávar*. [PE17:159]

glim [-] *pl. n.* voices. *glim maevion*, ~ *maevia* ‘(the) voices of gulls’. [PE17:97]

Glorfindel 1a [< *glaur* (< **glawar*) + *phin-dela*] *prop. n.* [PE17:17] ☞ *findel*

Glorfindel 1b [-] *prop. n.* Sindarized form of Q. *Laurefîn(de), Laurefindele*. [PE17:17:119] ☞ *findel*

glos [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] *adj.* snow white. Q. *losse*. [PE17:161] ☞ *glosui, los*

glosui [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] *adj.* snow white. Q. *lossea*. [PE17:161] ☞ *glosui, los*

go- [< C.E. WĀ, WO] *pref.* together. Q. *o-*. [PE17:16]

go̅ [< WO, WONO together (of things in company but not physically actually joined)] Q. *ō-*. [PE17:191] ☞ *gwa̅*

***goenglin** [-] *topon.* probably a purer Sindarin form of Q. *Ondolin(de)* than the blended form *Gondolin*. [PE17:29] ☞

**goenlin, Gondolin*

***goenlin** [-] *topon.* probably a purer Sindarin form of Q. *Ondolin(de)* than the blended form *Gondolin*. [PE17:29] ☞

**goenglin, Gondolin*

golas [-] *n.* foliage. Q. *walass(s), olassie*. [PE17:84] ☞ *Legolas*

golas(s) [-] *n.* foliage. [PE17:159] ☞ *legolas*

Golfin [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]

Golfin(u) [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]

golodh 1a, *pl1.* **gælydh** {ð} [< *ngolodō* Gnome] *n.* lore-master, sage. Historical form obsolete as specific ‘tribal’ or general, except as element in certain proper-names. It was used of any sage or lore-master. Q. *ñoldo*. [PE17:139-40:153] ☞ *pengolodh*

golodh 1b, *pl1.* **gelydh**, *pl2.* **golodhrim** {ð} [< *ñolodō*] *n.* sage, lore-master. Obsolete as a tribal name. Q. *ñoldo. Golodhrim* << *Golodhr* (PE17:126). [PE17:141]

Golodhbaeth {ð} [-] *n.* *Ling.* #‘Speech of the Noldor’. Also *paeth Golodhrim* or *paeth e Ngolodhrim*. [PE17:126]

Golothir [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]

golt [-] [PE17:141]

gon- {ō} [< *PQ *gōn, gon-* stone, or a single thing made of stone] *n.* -. [PE17:28] ☞ *gond, Gondor*

gond [< *PQ *gondō* stone, general as a substance or material] *n.* stone, rock. Archaic S. *gond* > *gonn*. Q. *ondo*. [PE17:28-9] ☞ *Gondor*

Gondolin [< *Ondolin[de]*] *topon.* A blend of Noldorin-Quenya and Sindarin. Tolkien notes that “it is obviously neither Sindarin nor Noldorin” (PE17:29). [PE17:29]

Góndolind [-] *topon.* a name in a dialect of the North, S. *Gonnólen*. Maybe acute accent in the two names was only used in order to mark pronunciation. [PE17:133]

Gondor [< *Gon-ndor*] *topon.* ‘Stone-land’. A name given because of the abundance of *gond*, stone in Ered Nimrais, and the great use made of it by the Southern Dúnedain. Q. *Ondonóre*. [PE17:28:118] ☞ *gond*

gonn [-] *n.* a rock. Archaic S. *gond* > *gonn*. Q. *ondo*. [PE17:29] ☞ *gond*, *Gondor*

Gonnólen [-] *topon.* pure Sindarin form of *Góndolind*. Maybe acute accent in the two names was only used in order to mark pronunciation. [PE17:133]

gor- [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse *tor-*, Greek *δύς-*)] *pref.* owing to approach of GUR to other stems (as ÑGUR ‘death’, ÑGOR ‘terror, dread’) Sindarin tended to use *gor-* in a very strong sense of things very painful and horrible to do. It used *dír-* ‘tough’ for lesser efforts. Q. *uru-*. [PE17:154] ☞ *dirbedui*, *gorbedui*, *gornod*

~~**gor**~~ [< ÑGOR fear] Q. *ñor*. [PE17:172]

gorbedui [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse *tor-*, Greek *δύς-*) + ?] *adj.* lamentable to tell (only to be used with horror or grief). [PE17:154] ☞ *dirbedui*, *gor-*

gordh {ð} [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse *tor-*, Greek *δύς-*)] *adj.* difficult, laborious. Q. *urda* hard, difficult, arduous. [PE17:154] ☞ *gornod*

Gorgoroth [-] *topon.* [PE17:134]

gorn 1a [-] *adj.* hard, thrawn. Also used for Dwarves, esp. in pl2. *gornboth* (hostile implication). [PE17:46] ☞ *dern*

gorn 1b [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse *tor-*, Greek *δύς-*)] *adj.* hard, stiff, thrawn. [PE17:154] ☞ *gornod*, *gordh*

gorn 2a, pl2. **gornhoth** [-] *n.* Dwarf (hostile implication). [PE17:46] ☞ *dern*

gorn (-ngorn-) 2b [< ÑGOR dread] *n.* dread, used in sense of reverence, majesty. [PE17:113] ☞ *Aragorn*

~~**gorn**~~ [-] *suff.* [PE17:113]

gornod [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse *tor-*, Greek *δύς-*) + ?] *adj.* hard to count. [PE17:154]

gornodui [-] *adj.* [PE17:172]

gorthad [-] *n.* wraith, spirit of Dead. [PE17:116] ☞ *Tyrn Gorthad*

Gorthaur [< ? + THAW] *prop. n.* ancient S. name of Sauron. [PE17:183-4] ☞ *Sauron*

Gorthu [< *ñgor(o)-thūsō* < ÑGOR terror + THUS evil mist, fog] ‘Mist of Fear’. Q. *ñorthus*, *ñorsus*. [PE17:183] ☞ *saur*

govan- [-] *v.* to come to same place, meet. [PE17:16] ☞ *govannen*

govannen 1a [< *govan-* < *go-* ‘together’ + pp. form of stem *ba(n)-*] *pp. of govvan-*. *Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g’ovannen*. ‘Ah! At last, Dúnadan! Well met!’. Tolkien notes that the explanation with the stem *ba(n)* “Won’t really do”. [PE17:16:131]

govannen 1b soft mut. of **covannen**

grond [< G-RON < RON solid, tangible, firm] *adj.* very weighty and ponderous. [PE17:183] ☞ *gronn*

Grond [< G-RON < RON solid, tangible, firm] *prop. n.* ‘very weighty and ponderous’, Morgoth’s mace or hammer. [PE17:99:183] ☞ *grond*, *gronn*

gronn [< G-RON < RON solid, tangible, firm] *adj.* very weighty and ponderous. [PE17:99:183] ☞ *grond*, *Grond*

gûl 1a [< ÑGUL] *n.* evil and necromantic arts, black arts, sorcery. A loan from B.S. Tolkien notes that “*gûl* in B.S. is probably from S.”. Q. *ñûle*. [PE17:31-2]

gûl 1b [< *ngol-*] *n.* knowledge, deep knowledge not ‘occult’ in modern sense, but applied to the deeper knowledge of the ‘wise’ or skilled persons, not kept secret (as [?among the] Elves) but not attainable by all. Q. *ñôle*, B.S. *gûl* phantom, shadow of dark magic, necromancer, slave, servant?. The B.S. word *gûl* was prob. derived from *ngol-*. [PE17:79]

gûl 1c [< ÑGUL (possibly in origin simply a variant of ÑGOL applied to a darker shade ?) dark, with sinister connotations] *n.* black arts, sorcery. Q. *ñúle*, B.S. *gûl* ‘wraith’ is probably derived from Sindarin. [PE17:125]
guru [< *ngur(u)*] *n.* death. *guru* << *gûru*. [PE17:87]
guruthos [< NGUR to die + POS show dread of] *n.* shadow of death. [PE17:95] ☞ *nguruthos*

GW

gwá [< WO, WONO together (of things in company but not physically actually joined)] Q. *ǒ-’*. [PE17:191] ☞ *gō’*
gwae [< *gwoe* < *wāyā* < WAYA blow (as of wind)] *n.* wind. Tolkien also notes “WAKH in *wagme* > *gwaew*, *gwaē*” (PE17:34).
 Q. *vea*. [PE17:33-4:189] ☞ *gwaew*
gwaen (²**waen**) [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] *v. pres.* ☞ *pron. suff.* I go. [PE17:148] ☞ *amven*
gwaew [< *gwoe* < *wāyā* < WAYA] *n.* wind. Tolkien also notes “WAKH in *wagme* > *gwaew*, *gwaē*” (PE17:34). [PE17:33-4] ☞
gwaē
gwain [< BAN beauty, with implication that it is due to *lack of fault* or *blemish*] *adj.* blonde. [PE17:150]
gwain [-] *adj.* fair. [PE17:140]
gwaith [-] *n.* a ‘people’ associated by place and occupation. [PE17:190] ☞ *lí*, *rim*, *-waith*
gwân [< *gwan* < GWAN pale, fair] *adj.* fair, pale. [PE17:165]
gwana, pl1. **gwenai** [< **wanasō*] [PE17:140]
gwannu [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] *v. pp.* departed. [PE17:148] ☞ *gwannu*
gwanûr [-] *n.* pair of twins. [PE17:116]
Gwathlo [-] [PE17:136]
Gwathló {ō} [= *Gwath-lō*] [PE17:136]
gwawn [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] *v. pp.* departed. [PE17:148] ☞ *gwannu*
gwê [< **wegō(n)* living creature < WEG live, be active] Q. *weo*, *veo*. [PE17:189]
gwein [< WIN young] *adj.* young. Q. *vinya*. [PE17:191] ☞ *gvîn*
gwen [< WEN-ED girl, virgin, maiden] *n.* maiden. Q. *wendē*. [PE17:191] ☞ *gwend*, *gweneth*
gwend [< WEN-ED girl, virgin, maiden] *n.* maiden. Q. *wendē*. [PE17:191] ☞ *gwen*, *gweneth*
gwenedhel {ð} [-] *n.* [PE17:140] ☞ *edhel*
gweneth [< WEN-ED girl, virgin, maiden] *n.* maidenhood. Q. *wendele*. [PE17:191] ☞ *gwen*, *gwend*
gwîn [< WIN young] *n.* youth. Q. *vîne*. [PE17:191] ☞ *gwein*

H

- hae** [-] *adv.* very far away. [PE17:25] ☞ *haer, haered, na-chaered*
- haer** [-] *adj.* remote. [PE17:25] ☞ *hae, haered, na-chaered*
- Haerast** [-] *topon.* ‘the Far Shore’, the east coast of Aman. The opposite coast of *Nevrast*. [PE17:27] ☞ *hae, Nevrast*
- haered** [-] *n.* remoteness. [PE17:25] ☞ *hae, haer, na-chaered*
- Haldir** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:51]
- han**, pl1. **hain** [< pl1. *bein*] *pron.* that, the thing previously mentioned. Tolkien notes “*hain* = *beinn* (< *san-*)” (PE17:42). *Im Narvi hain echant* ‘I Narvi made them’. [PE17:42]
- har-** [-] *pref.* left-hand, south. Q. *hyar-*. [PE17:18] ☞ *harn*
- harad** [-] *adj.* south, southern. Q. *hyarmen, hyarna*. [PE17:18:88] ☞ *bar-*
- harn** [-] *n.* the South. Q. *hyarmen*. [PE17:18] ☞ *forn, bar-*
- haudh** {ð}[-] *n.* mound in sword. [PE17:116]
- Haudh en ellas** {ð}[-] *topon.* [PE17:97] ☞ *Haudh nan ellas*
- Haudh i nenghin** {ð}[-] *topon.* *nenghin* << *denghin*. [PE17:133]
- Haudh nan ellas** {ð}[-] *topon.* [PE17:97] ☞ *Haudh en ellas*
- heledh** {ð}[-] *n.* ‘looking-cristal’, looking-glass. [PE17:37] ☞ *Nen Cenedril*
- Helevorn** [= *Heledvorn*] *topon.* ‘Black Glass’, a lake near the Dwarf-regions in north of Dor Caranthir. Dw. *Narag-záram*. [PE17:37] ☞ *beledh*
- hen**, pl1. **hin** [-] *dem. pron.* this. [PE17:44]
- Henneth Annûn** [-] *topon.* [PE17:64] ☞ *Annûn*
- Herufin** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]
- heruin** [< *kberû* Lord, Master] *n.* lady. [PE17:97] ☞ *beryn, Rocheberuin*
- heryn** [< *kberû* Lord, Master] *n.* lady. [PE17:97] ☞ *heruin, Rocheberyn*
- heryna** [-] *n.* ☞ *poss. suff.* of the lady. [PE17:97] ☞ *-a*
- hi** [-] *adv.* now. *annon edbellen edro hi ammen!* ‘Elvish gate open now for us’. [PE17:45]
- hî** [-] *adv.* now. Q. *sí. thî/ hî* << *hî*. [PE17:27:127] ☞ *thî*
- hin** [-] [PE17:127]
- hithlain** [< ? LAN stretch, extend or ? twine] *n.* ‘mist thread’, wrap. Q. *hîsilanya*. [PE17:60]
- Hithlû** [-] *topon.* pure Sindarin form of *Hilthlum*. [PE17:133]
- Hithlum** [-] *topon.* a name in a dialect of the North, S. *Hilthlû*. [PE17:133]
- hithren** [-] *adj.* grey. [PE17:140] ☞ *thind*
- hlô** [-] *n.* flood. [PE17:96]
- hlôn** [-] [PE17:136]
- Hôdh i ndechina** {đ }[-] *topon.* [PE17:133]

Hôdh indencin {ð }[-] *topon.* [PE17:133]

hollen [< KHOL, SKOL shut, close] *adj.* shut. [PE17:98]

hoth [< *kbottā* < KHOT gather, together in confusion, jumble] *n.* host (nearly always used in evil or at least unfriendly sense in S.). host << host, mob. Q. *ñauro*. [PE17:39] ☞ *glamboth, Lossoth, ngaur*

hross [-] *n.* foam. [PE17:121] ☞ *ross*

hû 1a [-] *n.* spirit, shadow. [PE17:86]

hû 1b [< *kbōgo*] *n.* Zoo. hound. Q. *bû*. The gloss might be ‘heat’. [PE17:86]

huorn [-] *n.* ? tree. The question mark is in the manuscript. [PE17:86] ☞ *bû*

HW

hwa [< SWAW] *n.* #breeze. [PE17:34] ⇨ *hwá*

hwá [< SWAW] *n.* #breeze. [PE17:34] ⇨ *hwa*

I

i, pl1. **in** [-] *art.* the. [PE17:39:42:44:66:96:102:117:147]

iâ [< YAG] *n.* chasm, pit. [PE17:35] ☞ *Moria*

-ian 1a [-] *suff.* a suffix in names of regions. Reduced from *-iand(a)*. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. *-ion*. [PE17:37] ☞ *-iand, -ianda*

-ian 1b, pl1. **-ien** [< *yandē* a wide region or country] *suff.* regional ending. *-ien* was often used of a single varied region (e.g. *Anórien, Ithilien*). Such words were still pl. with article (*in Anórien*). [PE17:42] ☞ *-iand, -ion*

iand [< YAN, YAD wide] *suff.* [PE17:115] ☞ *-iann, -ion*

-iand 1a [-] *suff.* a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in *-ian*. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. *-ion*. [PE17:29:37] ☞ *-ian, -ianda*

-iand 1b, pl1. **-iend** [< *yandē* a wide region or country] *suff.* regional ending. *-ien(d)* was often used of a single varied region (e.g. *Anórien, Ithilien*). [PE17:42:170] ☞ *-and, -ian, -ion*

-ianda [-] *suff.* a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in *-ian*. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. *-ion*. [PE17:37] ☞ *-ian, -iand*

-iann [< YAN, YAD wide] *suff.* [PE17:115] ☞ *iand, -ion*

iaun [< YAN vast, huge] *adj.* large, extensive, wide, vast, huge. Q. *yāna-*. [PE17:42:99] ☞ *-ion*

íð [< IT prefix of (great) enhancement] *adv.* Extremely, very. A word seldom used. [PE17:112] ☞ *Ídril*

íðha [< ID desire] *v.* long for, desire. [PE17:112] ☞ *íðhra, íðhril*

Íðhil [< ID desire + RIL brilliant] [PE17:112] ☞ *íðha*

íðhra {ð} [< ID desire] *v.* long for, desire. [PE17:112] ☞ *íðha, íðhril*

Íðhril [< ID desire, long for + RIL brilliant] *prop. n.* [PE17:112]

Íðhril {ð} [< ID desire + RIL brilliant] [PE17:112] ☞ *íðhra*

Ídril [< ID desire, long for + RIL brilliant] *prop. n.* [PE17:112]

Ídril [< ID desire, long for + RIL brilliant] *prop. n.* Tolkien proposed that this name was Sindarized from Q. *Írilde*, by association with RIL ‘brilliant’, or **Íðbil*. [PE17:112]

Ídril [< IT prefix of (great) enhancement + RIL brilliant] *prop. n.* Q. *Ítaril(le)*. Tolkien proposed that this name was Sindarized for *Írilde* from *Idbil* associated with *-ril*. [PE17:112] ☞ *íd*

-iel [-] *fem. suff.* It corresponds to masc. *-ve*. Q. *-iel*. [PE17:23]

-ien 1a [-] *suff.* a suffix in names of regions. Reduced from *-iend(e)*. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. *-ion*. [PE17:37] ☞ *-iend, -iende*

-ien 1b [< (*i*)*ondī, ondie, onde, -ionī*] *fem. suff.* used in patronimics. [PE17:170] ☞ *-en, -ion, -on*

-iend [-] *suff.* a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in *-ien*. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. *-ion*. [PE17:37] ☞ *-ien, -iende*

- iende** [-] *suff.* a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in *-ien*. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. *-ion*. [PE17:37] ☞ *-ien, -iend*
- if** [< **ib-* < IBI] *n.* a cliff, a sheer descent. [PE17:92]
- igil** [-] [PE17:140-2]
- Igli** [-] *n.* a name used for the Noldor. [PE17:141]
- il** [-] *suff.* point, ending. [PE17:55] ☞ *niphredil, til*
- im** [-] *1st sg. pron.* emphatic separate nominative ‘I, I myself’. O.Q. *imne*. Tolkien notes that “*Im* unclear if *m* of sg. 1 or reflexive singular” (PE17:41). *Im Narvi hain echant* ‘I Narvi made them’. [PE17:41:46] ☞ *ech, est, minno*
- i'mair en Nengin** [-] *topon.* ‘the houses of the Slain’. [PE17:97] ☞ *i'mbair en Ndengin, i'mbair en Nengin*
- i'mbair en Ndengin** [-] *topon.* ‘the houses of the Slain’. [PE17:97] ☞ *i'mair en Nengin, i'mbair en Nengin*
- i'mbair en Nengin** [-] *topon.* ‘the houses of the Slain’. [PE17:97] ☞ *i'mbair en Ndengin, i'mair en Nengin*
- imlad** [< *imbilat* < *imbi-lāta*] *n.* [PE17:87:89] ☞ *Imladris*
- Imladris** [< S. *imlad* + S. *riss* < *imbilat* + *rinsa* < ? + RIS cut] *topon.* [PE17:87] ☞ *imlad, riss*
- imp** [-] *card.* twelve. Q. *yunque. imp* << *iug*. [PE17:95] ☞ ~~*imp*~~
- Inglor** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:118]
- Ingol** [-] *prop. n.* Sindarized form of Q. *Ingoldo*. [PE17:117]
- Ingolfin** [< Q. *Ingoldofinwe*] *prop. n.* [PE17:117-8]
- Ingolt** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]
- ion** 1a [< S. *iaun* large, extensive, wide < *iaun* < *yānā* < YANA < *yā-* wide, large, extensive] *suff.* regional ending. In older names, it usually applied only to a single feature (e.g. *Sirion* ‘the Great Stream’). It was esp. applied to topographical features of large extent, esp. long, wide river, long (and wide) ranges. It was mostly used in post-Exilic times and so was probably partly due to Quenya influences. [PE17:37:42-3] ☞ *-on, Eregion, Nanduhirion, Sirion*
- ion** 1b [< YAN, YAD wide] *suff.* [PE17:115] ☞ *ian, -iann*
- ion** 1c [< *-(i)ōn, -(i)ondo*] *masc. suff.* used in patronimics. [PE17:170] ☞ *-en, -ien, -on*
- ir** [-] *suff.* past tense of intransitive verb. A letter, probably an *s*, was added in pencil above the ending *-ir*. [PE17:126] ☞ *agarfant, -nt*
- irin** [-] [PE17:100] ☞ *alfirin*
- irui** [< IR verbal ‘desire’] *adj.* desirable, lovely (mostly applied to persons, esp. women). [PE17:155]
- ita** [-] *suff.* general infinitive. [PE17:68]
- Ithil** [-] *n.* *Astron.* Moon. Q. *Isil*. [PE17:30:39:121] ☞ *Anor, ithildin*
- ithildin** 1a [< S. *Ithil* the moon + S. *tin* spark, sparkle (esp. used of the twinkle of stars)] *n.* ‘moon-star(light)’. Tolkien notes also that it “Should be *ithildim*” (PE17:39). [PE17:39]
- ithildin** 1b [< *ithil-din* < ? + TIN sparkle, spark] *n.* ‘moon-star’, the magic alloy starmoon. [PE17:66] ☞ *Ithil, tîn*

L

- laeb** [< *laiqua*] *adj.* green. A theoretical equivalent to Q. *laiqua* but that did not exist in Sindarin. [PE17:153]
- laeg** 1a [< *laikā*] *adj.* green. [PE17:84] ☞ *Legolas*
- laeg** 1b [< LAY] *adj.* green (of leaves, herbage). Q. *laika*. [PE17:159]
- laew** [< LAY] *adj.* fresh. [PE17:159]
- laieh** pl1. **feh** [< *leyz* < *liyā* < *liyā* sweet] [PE17:148]
- lam** [-] *n.* tongue. Q. *lambe*. [PE17:46] ☞ *lammen*
- lammen** [-] *n.* ☞ *poss. suff.* my tongue. *fennas nogothrim lasto beth lammen* ‘doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue’. Q. *lambenya*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-en, lam*
- Landroval** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Broad winged’. [PE17:63] ☞ *raw, rov-, roval*
- lang** [< **langō* < LA3A cross, pass over, go beyond] *n.* a passage (physical). Originally applied to any route or connecting link between two places or large objects, esp. such as enable one to cross or surmount an obstacle: such as mountain-pass, a ridge of higher land across fen-land, an isthmus, *etc.* Later applied to narrower parts of a structure serving to join larger parts, esp. the ‘neck’ of men and animals. [PE17:91-2] ☞ *Achad Tarlang*
- las**, pl1. **lais** [< SLAS ear] *n.* leaf. Only applied to certain kinds of leaves, esp. those of trees, and would not *e.g.* be used of leaf of hyacinth. It is thus possibly related to LAS ‘listen’, and S-LAS stem of Elvish words for ‘ear’. Q. *lasse*, pl1. *lassi*. [PE17:62:77]
- lasgalen** [-] *n.* leaf green. [PE17:119]
- lass** [-] *n.* leaf. [PE17:49] ☞ *athelas, las*
- lasta-** [-] *v.* listen, give ear. Q. *lasta-*. [PE17:46] ☞ *lasto*
- lasto** [-] *v. imp. of lasta-* give ear, listen. *fennas nogothrim lasto beth lammen* ‘doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue’. [PE17:46] ☞ *lasta-*
- law** [< LOW] Q. *lū*. [PE17:137]
- le** 1 [-] 2nd *sg. polite pron.* (to) thee/you. A Q. borrowing in the S. used by the Noldor or mixed peoples, replacing the pure S. form *de, dbe* [= *ðe*] which remained in use in Doriath and in the Havens. *Fanuilos le linnathon* lit. ‘Fanuilos to thee will I chant’. [PE17:26:94]
- le** 2 [< *dehva*] *adj.* thick, of single thing. Tolkien seems to consider that it is not a suitable Sindarin form. [PE17:17]
- leben** [-] *card.* five. Q. *lepen, lempe*. [PE17:95] ☞ *eneg*
- Lebennin** [< S. *leben-nin*] *topon.* [PE17:95]
- lebethron** [< *lepeth-orn*] *n. Bot.* name of a hard-wood tree growing in Gondor (Ithilien). Q. *lepetta*. Also used as word for the wood which took a high polish, *lebethorn* being altered to *lebethron* and associated with RUN ‘rub, grind, smooth, polish’. [PE17:89:103] ☞ ~~###~~
- ledhbas** {ð}[-] *n.* ‘way-bread’. A form of *lembas* if the stem LED had remained in common use. [PE17:52] ☞ *lembas*
- Legolas** 1a [< S. *laeg* green + *go-lass* foliage] *prop. n.* A Sindarin name. [PE17:51:84] ☞ *golas, laeg*
- legolas** 1b [= *leg-olas* < LAY + ?] *n.* ‘green foliage’. [PE17:159] ☞ *golas(s)*

leich [< *līsyā* < (G)LIS] [PE17:154]

leich pl1. **hēh** [< *lexā* < *līxā* < *līsyā* sweet] [PE17:148]

-lein [-] 2nd sg. poss. suff. your. Maybe the polite form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -
el. [PE17:46] ☞ *-el*

lembas [< *led(e)mbasse* bread taken on leaving home (for a journey)] *n.* ‘way-bread’. Q. *lerembas*. [PE17:51-2:60] ☞ *ledbbas*

leweg [< LEWEK worm] *n.* snake. [PE17:160]

lí [-] *n.* a people of one kind or origin. [PE17:190] ☞ *gwaith, rim*

lim [< **limbī*] *adj.* swift. *Noro* *lim*, *noro* *lim* *Asfaloth*. ‘Run swift, run swift *Asfaloth*’. Q. *limbe*, #*linta*. [PE17:18:147]

lind [-] *n.* a chant, song. [PE17:27] ☞ *linn*

linn [-] *n.* a chant, song. [PE17:27] ☞ *lind*

linna- [< S. *lind*, *linn* a chant, song] *v.* to sing a song. [PE17:27] ☞ *linnathon*

linnathon [-] *v. fut. 1st sg.* ‘I will sing a song’, future of **linna-**. *Fanuilos le linnathon* lit. ‘Fanuilos to thee will I chant’.
[PE17:20-1:27] ☞ *linna-*

linnod [-] *n.* [PE17:62:117]

lithui [-] *adj.* [PE17:87:173] ☞ *-ni*

lô 1a [-] *n.* flood. [PE17:96]

lô 1b [< **hlan*, *hlô* < *slaw*, *slô* < *slōw* < *slowā* < SLOW flow freely (fully)] [PE17:137]

-lô [-] *suff.* applied to rivers always full of water. [PE17:96] ☞ *hlô, lô, Ringlô*

lê [< (*s*)*lowā* < (S)LOW] *adj.* blue. [PE17:136]

lo [< *law* < *lava* < LOWO] [PE17:137]

-lo 1a [< *law* < *lava* < LOWO] *suff.* [PE17:137]

-lo 1b [< LOW] *suff.* Q. *lū*. [PE17:137]

-lô {ô} [-] *suff.* applied to rivers always full of water, at all seasons draining from mountains, as *ringlo*, *gwaithblo*. [PE17:137]

los {ô} [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] *n.* snow. Q. *losse*. [PE17:161] ☞ *glos, glosui, loss, Loss(h)oth*

loss [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] *n.* snow. Q. *losse*. [PE17:161] ☞ *glos, glosui, los, Loss(h)oth*

Lossoth [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass) + ?] pl2. *n.* people living in far North. [PE17:161] ☞ *los, loss*

Lossoth [= *Loss-(h)oth*] pl2. *n.* the unfriendly Northern folk who lived in the snow. [PE17:39:161] ☞ *both*

loth 1a [< *lotho/a*] *n.* flower, a single bloom. Q. *lôte, lôs*. [PE17:26]

loth 1b [< LOT, LOTH flower] *n.* a flower (of defined shape). Q. *lôte*. [PE17:48:161] ☞ *Lothlórien, Lothlúrien, Lothlyrian*

Lothlórien [-] *topon.* ‘Dreamflower’, the land of Galadriel. Pure S. *Lothlyrian/Lothlúrien*. [PE17:48] ☞ *loth*

Lothlúrien [-] *topon.* ‘Dreamflower’, the land of Galadriel. Pure S. of *Lothlórien*. [PE17:48] ☞ *loth, Lothlórien, Lothlyrian*

Lothlyrian [-] *topon.* ‘Dreamflower’, the land of Galadriel. Pure S. of *Lothlórien*. [PE17:48] ☞ *loth, Lothlórien, Lothlúrien*

luin [< **luini*- blue] *adj.* blue. [PE17:136]

lúth [< LOT, LOTH flower] *n.* Bot. blossom, inflorescence. [PE17:15:161] ☞ *Lúthien*

Lúthien [< LOT, LOTH flower + ?] *prop. n.* ‘Daughter of Flowers’. Melian was esp. associated with the flowers in Lórien.
[PE17:15:161] ☞ *lúth*

lýg [< LEWEK worm] *n.* Zoo. snake. Q. *leuka*. [PE17:121:160]

LH

lheweg, du. **lhaw** [< *slasu* < S-LAS ear] *n.* ear. Q. *blas*, du. *blaru*. [PE17:62:77] ☞ *brand*, *brann*

lhoer [< SLOY] *n.* venom, poison(ousness). Q. *bloire*. [PE17:185]

lhoew [< SLOY] [PE17:185]

lhôn [< LON, SLON noise] *n.* a noise. Q. *blóna*. [PE17:138]

lhûg [< (*s*)*lókô* reptile, snake, worm < LOK bend, loop, *etc.*] *n.* Zoo. Q. *hlóke*, *lóke*. (*s*)*lókô* << (*s*)*lóká*. [PE17:160]

lhûn 1a [< (*s*)*lônô*] *n.* deep of water. Tolkien notes that this word was “applied originally to the Gulf”. [PE17:137]

lhûn 1b [< S. *slûn* < adj. *slounā* full of water in spate < S-LOUNI] applied to rivers always full of water, at all seasons draining from mountains, as *ringlo*, *gwathlo*. [PE17:137]

Lhûn [< SLOUN, SLŌN or SLŪN] *topon.* [PE17:136]

M

- m** 1a [-] 1st du. pron. suff. #we (you and me). Q. *-mmo*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- m** 1b [-] 1st pl. pron. suff. #we (probably the excl. form). Q. *-mbe*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- m(m)id** [-] 1st du. pron. suff. #we (you and me). Q. *-mmo*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- ma** [< **magā* < MAGA to thrive, be in good state] *adj.* good. Archaic and obsolete except as interjection ‘good, excellent, that’s right’. [PE17:162]
- maden** [< *mantina*] *v. old aor.* [PE17:131]
- madu** [< *madw* < *matwa*] [PE17:148] ☞ *mand*
- madweg** [-] *adj.* gluttonous. [PE17:144] ☞ *-weg*
- mae** 1a [< (*ma3ē* <) *māgē*] *adv.* well. *Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g’ovannen.* ‘Ah! At last, Dúnadan! Well met!’ [PE17:16]
- mae** 1b [< either MAY or MAG] *adv.* well. [PE17:131:162] ☞ *mael*
- mae-** [< MAY excellent, admirable] *pref.* Q. *mai-*. [PE17:163] ☞ *maeron*
- mae-** [< (A)MAY suitable, useful, prosper, serviceable, right] *pref.* Q. *mai-* [PE17:172] ☞ *maer*
- mae-govannen** [< ? – KOB, KOM gather, collect, bring to same place/point] *weak intr. v.* well met. [PE17:157]
- mael** [-] *adj.* well. *adjective* << *adverb*. [PE17:162] ☞ *mae*
- maen** [< MAY excellent, admirable] *n.* a treasure. Q. *maina* a thing of excellence, a treasure (O.E. *máþum*). [PE17:163]
- maer** 1a [< MAY] *adj.* good. [PE17:162]
- maer** 1b [< MAY excellent, admirable] *adj.* excellent. Q. *mairu* admirable, excellent, precious. [PE17:163] ☞ *maer-*, *maeron*
- maer** [< (A)MAY suitable, useful, prosper, serviceable, right] *adj.* good, proper, excellent. Q. *mára* good, proper, Q. *mairu* excellent. [PE17:172] ☞ *mae-*
- maeron** [< MAY prob. ‘make’ (in artistic sense as in *ποιήτης*)] *n.* artist. It usually, but not necessarily, implied a poet. Q. *maitar*. [PE17:163]
- maeth** [prob. < MAG] *n.* management. Q. *mab(i)e*. [PE17:140:161] ☞ *maetha-*
- maetha-** 1a [< MA3] *v.* to handle. Q. *mabta-*. [PE17:69]
- maetha-** 1b [prob. < MAG] *v.* to handle, treat, manage, *etc.* Q. *mabta-*. [PE17:161] ☞ *maeth*
- maetha-** 1c [< MA3 serve, be of use] *v.* use, wield. Q. *mabta-*. [PE17:162] ☞ *maw*
- maewia** [-] *pl. n.* ☞ *poss. suff.* Zoo. of gulls. *glim maewion*, ~ *maewia* ‘(the) voices of gulls’. [PE17:97] ☞ *-a*, *maewion*
- maewion** [-] *pl. n.* ☞ *poss. suff.* Zoo. of gulls. *glim maewion*, ~ *maewia* ‘(the) voices of gulls’. [PE17:97] ☞ *-a*, *maewia*
- mâf** [-] *n.* a pile or mass of rock or earth. [PE17:93]
- main** [-] 1st pl. poss. suff. our. Maybe the excl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -
em. [PE17:46] ☞ *-em*, *-men*
- malh** [-] *adj.* #golden. This word is not explicitly presented as S. [PE17:51] ☞ *mall*, *mallorn*
- mall** [-] *adj.* #golden. This word is not explicitly presented as S. [PE17:51] ☞ *malb*, *mallorn*

- mallorn**, pl1. **mellyrn** [-] *pl1. n. Bot.* ‘golden-tree’. It was a gift from Gil-galad, who had the seed from Eressea (by way of Númenor). [PE17:48:51:110] ☞ *malb, mall*
- mallos** [-] *n. Bot.* golden flower. [PE17:100]
- mannen** [< *mantinā*] *v. aor.* [PE17:131]
- manthen** [< *mantinā*] *v. aor.* [PE17:131]
- Manwe** [< ? + WEG, WE3] *theon. Q. Manwe.* [PE17:190]
- maud** [< *madw* < *matwā*] [PE17:148] ☞ *madu*
- maw** [< MA3 serve, be of use] *n. Poet. hand. Q. má.* [PE17:162] ☞ *maetha-*
- medui** [-] *adj.* end, final, last. *Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g’ovannen.* ‘Ah! At last, Dúnadan ! Well met !’. *m > v* after preposition. [PE17:16]
- megil** [-] *n.* sword. *i-arben na megil* and ‘The Knight of the Long Sword’. [PE17:147]
- meinel** [-] maybe a fem. form of *Manwe*. *Q. manyel.* [PE17:190]
- mell** [< *meldā* < *melnā* < MEL love] *adj.* dear, beloved. *Q. melda.* [PE17:41]
- mellon** [< *melnā* < MEL love] *n.* friend. *Pedo mellon a minno!* ‘Say friend and enter’. [PE17:41]
- men** [-] *2nd pl. pron. us.* [PE17:378] ☞ *ammen*
- men** [-] *1st pl. poss. suff.* our. Maybe the excl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -*em*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-em, -main*
- menel** 1a [-] *n.* Firmament. *o menel aglar elenath !* lit. ‘from Firmament glory of the stars !’. [PE17:20-1]
- menel** 1b [-] *n.* the heavens, the apparent dome of the sky. Probably a Quenya word introduced into Sindarin. It was a ‘pictorial’ word, as the lore of the Eldar and the Númenoreans know much astronomy. [PE17:24]
- Menwi** [< ? + WĒ? WE3 ‘person’, individual (only used of Elves and Men)] *theon. Q. Manwe.* [PE17:189]
- milbar** 1a [< **mil(a)mbar* < *melā-mbar*] *n.* ‘beloved dwelling’, applied to the places best known and most frequented. It was used to derive *Q. melamar*. [PE17:109]
- milbar** 1b [< *mīl-mbar* < *melā-mbar* < ? + **mbar* or *mbardā* < ? + MBAR settle] *n.* ‘dear home’, the place of one’s birth, or desire, or one’s home returned to after journey or exile. [PE17:164]
- mimp** [-] *card.* eleven. *Q. minque.* [PE17:95] ☞ *im̐p*
- min** [-] *card.* one. *Q. min.* [PE17:95] ☞ *er, tad*
- Minas Morgul** [-] *topon.* ‘Tower of Sorcery’. [PE17:31] ☞ *Minas Tirith*
- Minas Tirith** [-] *topon.* ‘Tower of Watch’, the great ‘home’ of Finrod, a fort built on an island in Sirion and intended to command access into Beleriand from the North. [PE17:31:104] ☞ *Minas Morgul*
- minna-** [< MI in] *v.* go in, enter. [PE17:41] ☞ *minno*
- minno** [< MI in] *v. imp. of minna-* enter. *Pedo mellon a minno!* ‘Say friend and enter’. [PE17:41] ☞ *minna-*
- mîr** 1a [< MIR esteem, value] *n.* a treasure, a jewel. *Q. mire* a treasure, a precious thing. [PE17:24:37:121] ☞ ☞ *mîria-, mîriel, miruvor*
- mîr** 1b [< MĪR precious] *n.* jewel, precious thing. *Q. mire*, pl1. *mîri.* [PE17:165] ☞ *advir*
- mîria-** [-] *v.* to shine like a *mîr* or jewel, to sparkle like jewels. [PE17:24] ☞ *mîr, mîriel*

- míriel** [-] *adj. or quasi-adverb* like a jewel, shining jewel-like. In origin a participial form of verb **míria-**. *silivren penna míriel* lit. ‘glittering slants-down sparkling (as jewels)’. [PE17:20-1:24] ☞ *míria-*
- miruvor** [-] *n.* S. form taken by borrowed Q. word *miruvóre* (< MIR esteem, value). [PE17:37] ☞ *mír*
- mith** [-] *adj.* grey, light grey. [PE17:47:60:140] ☞ *Mithrandir, mithril*
- mîth** [-] [PE17:140]
- mithir** [-] [PE17:140]
- Mithrandir** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Grey Pilgrim’, a name of Gandalf. [PE17:47:60] ☞ *mith, randir*
- mithrel** [-] [PE17:140]
- mithril** [-] [PE17:140]
- mithril** [-] *n.* [PE17:47:49] ☞ *mith, ril*
- mithrim** [-] [PE17:140]
- Mithrim** [-] *pl2. n.* translated *Sindar* in Quenya. [PE17:140]
- mithrin** [-] [PE17:140]
- mithron**, *pl1.* **mithryn** [-] [PE17:140]
- mor** [-] *adj.* black. [PE17:31]
- mor-** [-] *pref.* black. [PE17:35] ☞ *Moria, morn-*
- Morannon** [< MOR black + ?] *topon.* [PE17:73:87] ☞ *annon, mor*
- moravar** [-] *n.* #‘Dark-Elf’. [PE17:139]
- morben**, *pl1.* **mærbín**, *pl2.* **morbennath** [-] *n.* ‘Dark-elf’, excluding the Sindar. [PE17:141]
- morbenedh**, *pl1.* **morbenidh** {ð} [-] *n.* #‘Dark-Elf’. [PE17:140-1] ☞ *penedh*
- Mordor** 1a [< MOR black + ?] *topon.* [PE17:73] ☞ *mor*
- Mordor** 1b [< *morn-ndor*] *topon.* [PE17:118]
- Moredhel**, *pl1.* **Moredhil** {ð} [-] *n.* ‘Dark-Elf’, distinguished from the Sindar (and usually also the Nandor). Q. *Avar*. [PE17:139-41]
- Morgai** [-] *topon.* ‘Black fence’. [PE17:101] ☞ *mor*
- Morgoth** [< MOR black + ?] *theon.* [PE17:162:173:175] ☞ *mor*
- Moria** [< S. *mor(n)-* black + S. *iá* chasm, pit] *topon.* ‘Black Pit, Black Chasm’. [PE17:35:40]
- morn** [-] *adj.* black. [PE17:101] ☞ *mor, Morgai*
- morn-** [-] *pref.* black. [PE17:31:35] ☞ *Moria, morn-*
- Morthond** [-] *topon.* Black Root. [PE17:96] ☞ *mor, thond*

N

- n'** [*< nā < ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-*] *prep.* to, towards (of spacetime); form of **na** before vowels. [PE17:147] ☞
na
- n** [-] *1st sg. pron. suff.* #I. Q. *-n(ye)*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- na** 1 [-] *poss. art.* used with subject, e.g. *roch na-beryna* ‘the horse of (the) lady’. [PE17:97] ☞ *an, roch na-beryna*
- na** 2a [-] *prep.* at (a point of time or place). *Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g’ovannen.* ‘Ah! At last, Dúnadan ! Well met !’. [PE17:16]
- na** 2b [-] *prep.* to. *Nā-chaered palan-díriel* lit. ‘To-distance (remote) after-gazing’. [PE17:20-1:25] ☞ *na-chaered, nan 2*
- na** 2c [*< ANA/NĀ ‘allative’ base*] *prep.* like French *à*, provided with, marked by, with, *etc.*. [PE17:82] ☞ *nan 2*
- na** 2d [*< ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-*] *prep.* ‘with’, possessing, provided with, esp. of characteristic feature. *nan* before vowels. *Orod na Thón* ‘Mount of the Pines Tree(s)’. [PE17:147] ☞ *nan 2*
- na** 2e [*< nā < ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-*] *prep.* to, towards (of spacetime). *n'* before vowels. [PE17:147] ☞ *nan 2*
- naer** [*< NAY cause bitter pain or grief*] *adj.* dreadful, horrible, unendurable. Q. *naira*. [PE17:151]
- Naith** [-] *topon.* [PE17:51]
- naith** [*< nek-tē < NEK*] *n.* angle. Q. *nehte*. [PE17:55] ☞ *neith*
- nalla** [-] *v.* maybe 3rd sg. aorist, he calls. [PE17:94]
- nallan** [-] *n.* a call. *nallan* << *nallon* (by adding a stroke on *o*). In the glose ‘a call’, ‘a’ is uncertain, the correct reading possibly ‘to’ or ‘my’. In the end, *nallan* was emended to *nallon* in the 2nd edition of LotR. [PE17:94]
- nallar** [-] *v.* maybe 3rd pl. aorist, they call. [PE17:94]
- nalloth** [-] *v.* maybe 2nd sg. aorist, you call. [PE17:94]
- nan** 1 [-] *n.* vale. [PE17:37:83] ☞ *nand, Nanduhirion*
- nan** 2 [*< ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-*] *prep.* ‘with’, possessing, provided with, esp. of characteristic feature. Form of **na** before vowels. [PE17:147] ☞ *na 2b/c/d/e*
- nand** [-] *n.* vale. [PE17:37:83] ☞ *nan, Nanduhirion*
- Nanduhirion** [*< S. nan(d) vale + S. dú dimness + S. sîr stream + -(i)on a suff. in names of regions*] *topon.* ‘Vale of Dim Streams’, Dimrill Dale. Dw. *Az̄anul-biz̄ar*. [PE17:35:37]
- Nan Gondresgion** [-] *topon.* ‘Stonewain Valley’, so named because of the great road for heavy drags (platforms on wheels) and wains, used in the quarries of Min-Rimmon that ran through it. Q. *Nand’ Ondoluncava, Ondoluncavand(do), Ondolunquanan(do)*, O.E. *Stānwagna Dæl*. [PE17:28]
- Nargothrond** [*< Dw. Nar(u)kuthûn*] *topon.* [PE17:47] ☞ *Narog*
- Narog** 1a [prob. *< Dw. Narág < NRG black*] *topon.* -. [PE17:37]
- Narog** 1b [*< ? naruka*] *topon.* [PE17:47] ☞ *Nargothrond*
- nathal** [*< NATH welcome, be kind to*] *n.* guest. [PE17:141]
- nathlo** [*< NATH welcome, be kind to*] [PE17:141]
- naug** [-] *n.* dwarf. [PE17:46] ☞ *cadbad, nogon, nogoth*

- naur** [-] *n.* fire. *naur* *an edraith ammen!* ‘fire [be] for rescue/saving for us’. Q. *nár*. [PE17:38:101] ☞ *Sammath Naur*
- nc** 1a [-] *1st pl. pron. suff.* #we (probably the incl. form). Q. *-lme*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132] ☞ *-ngid*
- nc** 1b [-] *1st du. pron. suff.* #we (you and me). Q. *-lmo*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132] ☞ *-ngid*
- neder** [-] *card.* nine. Q. *nerte*. [PE17:95] ☞ *cae, caen-*
- nef** [< **nebā* < NEB turn towards (speaker)] *adv.* on this (the speaker’s) side. **nebā* << **nibā*; NEB << NIB. *aeor, sí nef aearon* lit. ‘beyond the Sea, here beyond the Great Sea’. [PE17:20-1:27]
- negen** [-] *adj.* sharp, angular. Q. *nerca, nexce*. [PE17:55] ☞ *negn*
- negn** [-] *adj.* sharp, angular. Q. *nerca, nexce*. [PE17:55] ☞ *negen*
- neith** [< *nek-tē* < NEK] *n.* angle. Q. *nehte*. [PE17:55] ☞ *naith*
- neithan** [< NEK deprive] *n.* one deprived, exile whose rights and goods have been confiscated. Q. *nehtanō*. [PE17:167]
- nel** [-] *card.* three. Q. *nelde*. [PE17:95] ☞ *can, canad, neledh*
- Neldoreth** [-] *topon.* a forest of beeches. [PE17:81]
- neledh** {ð}[-] *card.* three. Q. *nelde*. [PE17:95] ☞ *can, canad, nel*
- nellir** [-] [PE17:141]
- nen** {ë} [< NEN water] *n.* water, lake. Q. *nén*. [PE17:52:77] ☞ *nîn*
- Nen Cenedril** [-] *topon.* ‘Lake looking-cristal’, Mirrormere. Dw. *Kheled-zâram. Nen Cenedril* << *Nen Singil*. [PE17:35]
- Nen Singil** [-] *topon.* Mirrormere. *Nen Cenedril* << *Nen Singil*. [PE17:35]
- nev** mut. of **nef** [PE17:27] ☞ *Nevrast*
- Nevrast** [-] *topon.* ‘Hither Shore’, the coast on the Middle-earth side of the Great Sea, hence the extreme west-coast of Middle-earth. It became used especially of the coast-land and its immediate hinterland between Dengrist and the Havens, where Turgon first dwelt. The opposite was *Haerast*. [PE17:27] ☞ *Haerast, nev*
- niben-nog** [-] *n.* Petty dwarf. [PE17:46] ☞ *cadbad, noged, nogon, nogoth*
- nim** 1a [< T. *nimbi* white] *adj.* white. [PE17:19] ☞ *Nimbrethil*
- nim** 1b [< *nimbī* < *nimpā*] *adj.* white (usual word). [PE17:168] ☞ *nimp, nimras*
- nimbrethil** [-] *n. Bot.* ‘white princess’, silver birch. Fuller form of *brethil*. [PE17:23] ☞ *brethil, fimbrethil*
- Nimbrethil** 1a [-] *prop. n.* ‘Silver Birches’. [PE17:19] ☞ *brethil I, nim*
- Nimbrethil** 1b [-] *prop. n.* ‘White Princess’. [PE17:19] ☞ *brethil II, nim*
- nimp** [-] *adj.* pale, pallid. *nimp* << *nim* (PE17:168). [PE17:55:168] ☞ *niphred*
- nimphelos** [-] *n. Bot.* [PE17:168] ☞ *nimp*
- nimrais** [-] *pl1. n.* white-peaks, pale-horns. [PE17:33]
- nimras**, pl1. **nimrais** [-] *n.* pale-horn, snow peak. Q. *niquetil*. [PE17:89:168] ☞ *nim*
- Nimrodel** [-] *topon.* name of a stream, originally of an Elven-maid loved by Amroth, King of Lórien. *Nim* is T. *nimbi* white. *-rodel* could be S. and mean ‘lofty star’, but it could also contain an element seen in S. *-roth, rod* < ROT ‘cave’, or be feminine, from *rodel* ‘lady, high lady’. Tolkien notes also this name is “suitable to S. sounds and patterns” but is “not clearly etymologizable as S.” (PE17:51). [PE17:49:51]
- nin** [-] *pron. me.* [PE17:95]
- nin** [-] *1st sg. poss. suff.* my. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier *-en*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-en*
- nîn** [< *nēnā* < NEN water] *adj.* wet. Q. *nenya*. [PE17:52:61] ☞ *Nindalf*

- Nindalf** [-] *topon.* ‘wet flat’. Q. *nindatalma*. [PE17:52:61] ☞ *nîn, talf*
- nindalf** [<NĒN water + ?] *n.* Q. *nēn-talma*. [PE17:167]
- nínedhel** {ð}[-] *n.* [PE17:139]
- niphred** [< *ni(m)phred* < *ni(m)phraed*] *n.* pallor. [PE17:55:168] ☞ *nimp, niphredil*
- niphredil** [< S. *niphred* pallor + S. *til* or *-il* point, ending] *n.* Bot. a pale white flower (like snowdrop). [PE17:55:168] ☞ *-il, niphred, til*
- noegin** [-] *n.* little dwarf. [PE17:45] ☞ *cadbad, nogon, nogoth*
- noged**, pl1. **nøegid** [-] *n.* Petty dwarf. [PE17:46] ☞ *cadbad, nogon, nogoth*
- nogon**, pl1. **nogoth**, pl2. **nogothrim**, **naugrim** [-] *n.* dwarf. *fennas nogothrim lasto beth lammen* ‘doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue’. Tolkien first glossed *nogoth* as ‘a dwarf’. [PE17:45-6] ☞ *noegin, nogoth*
- nogoth**, pl1. **negyth**, pl2. **naugrim**, **nogrim**, **nogothrim**, **nogothlir** [< *naugoth*] *n.* big Dwarf, dwarf. [PE17:45-6] ☞ *cadbad, noegin, nogon*
- noll** [< *nold-*] *n.* a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. [PE17:141]
- nollon** [< *nold-*] *n.* a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. Probably a masculine form of **noll**. [PE17:141]
- nolt** [-] [PE17:141]
- nor-** [< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.)] *v.* run (of men and animals using legs : *not* of fluids, etc.). Pret. *onur*. [PE17:18:168] ☞ *noro, northa-*
- nordh** {ð}[-] *n.* Bot. oak. A tree of the *orn* kind. Q. *nordo*. [PE17:25] ☞ *galadb, orn*
- noro** [-] *imp. of nor-*, run. *Noro lim, noro lim Asfaloth*. ‘Run swift, run swift Asfaloth’. [PE17:18] ☞ *nor-*
- north** [< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.) + ?] *n.* a riding, a race (of people running), a charge or gallop. Tolkien notes the “curious accidental approach of words for *race* with sense *kindred*”. [PE17:168-9] ☞ *northa-*
- northa-** [< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.) + ?] *v.* make run, specially of riding horses or other animals. Q. *norta-*. [PE17:168] ☞ *nor-*
- nos(s)** [-] *n.* race, tribe, people. Q. *nóre*. [PE17:169]
- nt** [-] *suff.* past tense of transitive verb. [PE17:126] ☞ *agarfant, -ir*
- Nûrnen** [< *ngurū nenda*] *topon.* Death, dead water. [PE17:87] ☞ *guru*

NG

ngaur, pl2. **ngaurhoth** [< ÑGAW falsify, deform, disguise] *n.* ‘false, disguised, deformed’, wolf (pl.2 wolf-horde). *gaur* in absolute initial position. Q. *ñauro*. [PE17:39] ☞ *both*

-ngid [-] *1st du. pron. suff.* #we (you and me). Q. *-lmo*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132] ☞ *-nc*

Ngolodhrim {ð}[-] *pl2. n.* [PE17:126]

nguruthos [< NGUR to die + POS show dread of] *n.* shadow of death. [PE17:95] ☞ *guruthos*



- o** [*< au(t) < stem awā prep. from, of. In older S. o had the form od before vowels. o menel aglar elenath ! lit. ‘from Firmament glory of the stars !’. [PE17:20-1:42:54]*
- o** [-] *suff.* imperative ending. [PE17:54]
- o** [*< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart prep. from. [PE17:148]*
- o(g)gar** [*< OKO + ?] n.* evil deed. *rbugar << o(g)gar. [PE17:170]* ☞ *ogol, ogron, rbugar*
- odog** [-] *card.* seven. Q. *otos. [PE17:95]* ☞ *tolod*
- oew** [*< *okma an evil deed < OKO evil, bad] n.* crime. Q. *ongwe* crime. [PE17:170] ☞ *ogol, ogron*
- og-** [*< OKO] pref.* *rhu-* (SRUGU) << *og-* (OKO). [PE17:170] ☞ *ogol, ogron, rhu-*
- ogarol** [*< OKO + ?] adj.* wicked, doing wrong. *rbugarol << ogarol. [PE17:170]* ☞ *ogol, ogron, rbugarol*
- ogdl** [-] *n.* [PE17:142]
- ogil**, pl1. **oegyl** [-] *n.* [PE17:142]
- ogl** 1a [*< okōlō] n.* [PE17:142]
- ogl** 1b, pl1. **ygl** [*< oklō] n.* [PE17:142]
- ogl** 2, pl1. **egl, eigl, eigil** [*< UK, UKLA] Q.* *ulca. [PE17:149]*
- oglabar** [-] *n.* [PE17:142]
- ogol** 1 [*< *oklā < OKO evil, bad] adj.* bad, evil, wrong. Q. *olca* bad, wicked. **oklā << *oklā. [PE17:149:170]* ☞ *oew, ogron*
- ogol** 2a, pl1. **egyl** [*< okōlō pl. okolī] n.* *egyl < ogyl. [PE17:142]*
- ogol** 2b, pl1. **ygil, ygli** [*< oklō] n.* [PE17:142]
- ogolmar** [-] *n.* [PE17:142]
- ogron** [*< OKO evil, bad] n.* a wicked or evil person. [PE17:170] ☞ *oew, ogol*
- ol** [-] *suff.* continuative participle. [PE17:144] ☞ *úgarol*
- ón** {ō} [-] *v. pa.t. of antha-* gave. Used with dative : *ōn annin. [PE17:93:147]*
- on** 1a [-] *suff.* a suffix which appeared in various later-formed names of regions. [PE17:37] ☞ *-ion, Nandubirion*
- on** 1b, pl1. **-yn** [-] *suff.* masc. ending referring to persons or animals. *-or* after *n.* [PE17:141] ☞ *-eth, -or*
- on** 1c [*< -(i)ön, -(i)ondo] masc. suff.* used in patronymics. [PE17:170] ☞ *-en, -ion, -ien*
- ónen** [*< ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] v. pa.t. & pron. suff.* I gave. *ónen i·Estel Edain ‘I gave the “Hope” (to) Men’.* [PE17:93:117:147]
- onod**, pl1. **enyd**, pl2. **onodrim** [-] *n.* Ent. [PE17:83]
- onur** [*< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.)] v. pret. of nor-* [PE17:168] ☞ *nor-*
- or**, pl1. **-yr** [-] *suff.* masc. ending referring to persons or animals used after *n.* [PE17:141] ☞ *-on*
- orch**, pl1. **yrch**, pl2. **orchoth** [-] *n.* Orc. Nand. *urif. [PE17:47:52:54:127]*
- orn** 1a [-] *n. Bot.* a tall tree. Birch, ash and oak are of the *orn* kind. In Sindarin, there was no much distinction in size between *galað* and *orn*. A *galað* was more thick, dense and branching than a *orn*. Birch, ash and oak are of the *orn* kind. Q. *orne. [PE17:25:84:112]* ☞ *Fangorn, galadh, nordb*

- orn** 1b [-] *n.* upstanding plant, general word for tree. In Sindarin, there was no much distinction in size between *galad* and *orn*. A *galad* was more thick, dense and branching than a *orn*. Birch, ash and oak are of the *orn* kind. [PE17:25:153] ☞ *Fangorn, galadb*
- orod** 1a, pl1. **ered** or **eryd**, pl2. **#orodrim** [-] *n.* mountain. Tolkien notes that “*eryd* > *ered* by late change, but *y* unstressed remained in certain circumstances, e.g. before nasals” (PE17:33). [PE17:33:89:116] ☞ *dol, doll, Thangorodrim*
- orod** 1b, pl1. **ered** or **eryd** [< OR, ORO, RŌ rise, mount] *n.* mount, mountain. Q. *oro, orto*. [PE17:63-4:89]
- Orod na Thôn** [-] *topon.* ‘Mount with Pine Tree(s)’. [PE17:82:147] ☞ *na, orod, thôn*
- Orodreth** [< ? + RETE climb] *prop. n.* ‘mountainer’. [PE17:182] ☞ *-reth*
- oron** 1a [-] *n.* Bot. tree. Also in compound *-(o)rônō*. [PE17:89] ☞ *orn*
- oron** 1b, pl1. **æryn, eryn** [-] *n. Poet.* upstanding plant, general word for tree. [PE17:153] ☞ *orn*
- Orophin** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:51]
- oroth** [< (U)RUP anger, rage, wrath] *n.* rage, anger. rage, anger << wrath. Q. *ursa* rage. [PE17:188] ☞ *rúth, ruthra-*
- Osgiliath** [-] *topon.* -. [PE17:30] ☞ *Osgiliath*
- Ossiriand** [-] *topon.* ‘Land of Seven Rivers’. [PE17:81]
- Ostgiliath** [-] *topon.* -. [PE17:30] ☞ *Ostgiliath*
- oth-** [< UTHU] *adj.* unsuitable; bad, improper, useless, wrong. Q. *ur(u)*. [PE17:172]
- othgar(ed)** [< UTHU general bad sense + ?] *n.* a mistake in speech. [PE17:151] ☞ *othgarn*
- othgarn** [< UTHU general bad sense + ?] *n.* a misdeed. Q. *uskare, uxare*. [PE17:151] ☞ *devin, dyl, dyr*
- Othol** [-] [PE17:141]

P

- pad-** [-] *v.* walk, step. Q. *pata-*. [PE17:34] ☞ *Tharbad*
- pad** [< *pat-*] *n.* track, road (only of ‘roads’ or tracks unpaved in open country). [PE17:34]
- pâd** 1a [< *pata-*] *n.* a step (action). [PE17:34]
- pâd** 1b [< *pata-*] *n.* ford. Also called *athrad* ‘crossing’. [PE17:34]
- padra-** [-] *v.* walk. [PE17:34] ☞ *pad-*
- paeth** [-] probably related to Q. *pahta* ‘speech’. [PE17:126] ☞ *Golodhbaeth*
- palan** [-] *adj.* probably a Quenya word introduced in Sindarin. *Na-chaered palan-dîriel* lit. ‘To-distance (remote) after-gazing’. [PE17:20-1:25] ☞ *hae, haered, na-chaered*
- paran** [< PAR peel (hence bark, book)] *adj.* naked, bald, bare. Q. *parne*. [PE17:86:171] ☞ *baran, Dol Baran*
- parch** [< PAR peel] *adj.* naked, of persons. Q. *parka*. [PE17:86]
- paur** (**baur**) [< *kwârë* < KWĀR squeeze, clench] *n.* fist. Q. *quäre*. [PE17:42] ☞ *Celebrimbor*
- ped-** 1a [-] *v.* say. Q. *quêt-*. [PE17:40] ☞ *pedo*
- ped-** 1b [< PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] [PE17:173]
- pedo** [-] *v. imp. of ped-* say. *Pedo mellon a minno!* ‘Say friend and enter’. [PE17:40] ☞ *ped-*
- pedweg** [-] *adj.* talkative, saying a lot. [PE17:144] ☞ *-weg*
- pelennor** [-] *n.* fenced land. [PE17:95]
- ~~**pelennor**~~ [< PEL edge, bound, fence, limite + ?] *n.* fenced land. [PE17:65]
- pen-** 1a (**ben-**) [< PENE lack] *pref.* without, ~less. *pen-adar* ‘fatherless’. [PE17:34:144] ☞ *ben-, ú-*
- pen-** 1b [< PEN lack, have not] *pref.* -less. [PE17:173] ☞ *penadar*
- pen-** 1c [< *kwenedë*] *pref.* obsolete except in few names. [PE17:141] ☞ *-ben*
- ~~**pen-**~~ [< PEN lack, not have] *pref.* -less. Q. *pen* without, not having. [PE17:171]
- pen** [-] *adv.* lacking, without. [PE17:145]
- pen-** [< PENE lack] *v.* ‘have not’. *penim vast* ‘we have no bread’. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*
- Pen-adar (Ben-adar)** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Fatherless’, a title of Tom Bombadil. [PE17:34]
- penadar** [< PEN lack, have not + ?] *adj.* ‘fatherless’. [PE17:173] ☞ *pen-*
- pen-bed** [-] *adj.* not pronounceable (rather than *ineffable*). [PE17:145]
- #**pend** 1, *pl.* **pind** [< O.S. *pend* steep incline, hill side] *n.* slope. [PE17:24] ☞ #*penn, pind, pinn*
- pend** 2 [< **pendā* steepy, sloping < PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] *adj.* Q. *penda*. [PE17:173] ☞ *penn, pind, pinn*
- penedh** {ð} [< *kwenedë* < KWEN speak with rational words] *n.* historical form obsolete as specific ‘tribal’ or general, except as element in certain proper-names. [PE17:140-1]
- pengolodh** {ð} [-] *n.* a teacher of lore, teaching sage, doctor. Also used as a title or name. [PE17:139-40] ☞ *golodb*
- penim** [-] *v.* ☞ *suff.* we have not. [PE17:144] ☞ *-m*
- Penn** [-] [PE17:141]

#**penn** 1, *pl1*. **pinn** [-] *n.* slope. [PE17:24] ☞ #*pend*

penn 2 [< **pendā* steepy, sloping < PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] *adj.* Q. *penda*. [PE17:173] ☞ *pend*

penna [< O.S. *penna*] *v.* 3rd sg. undefined of **penna** ‘come down’, originally ‘come down a slope or from a hill’. *silivren penna míriel* lit. ‘glittering slants-down sparkling (as jewels)’. [PE17:20-1:24] ☞ *penna-*

penna- [< PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] *v.* come down in a slant, fall. Q. weak *v.* *penda-* slope, incline. [PE17:173]

pennath [-] *pl2. n.* #slopes. [PE17:24:97] ☞ *Pinnath Gelin*

pen-nod [-] *adj.* without count. [PE17:145]

pen-noediad [-] *adj.* innumerable. [PE17:145]

penwaith [-] *pl2. n.* [PE17:141]

Perhael [< *dara* wise] *prop. n.* ‘half-wise’, Samwise. [PE17:102] ☞ *Berhael, Daur*

perian, *pl1*. #**periain**, *pl2*. #**periannath** [-] *n.* halfling. [PE17:66:100] ☞ *berain, pberiaín, pberiañnath*

peth (**beth**) [< QUET say] *n.* word. *fennas nogothrim lasto beth lammen* ‘doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue’. Q. *quetta*. [PE17:46] ☞ *beth*

pind [< KWIN crest, salient or top edge] *n.* crest, ridge, esp. used of long (low) hill with a sharp ridge against skyline. Q. *quíne*. [PE17:97:173] ☞ *pend 1/2, pinn, Pinnath Gelin*

pinn [< KWIN crest, salient or top edge] *n.* crest, ridge, esp. used of long (low) hill with a sharp ridge against skyline. Q. *quíne*. [PE17:97:173] ☞ *pend 1/2, pind, Pinnath Gelin*

Pinnath Gelin 1a [-] *topon.* ‘Green Slopes’, ‘Green Crest/ridges’. Dialectal of late Gondorian Sindarin for the *pl.* *pennath* blended with other plural forms *pinn, pind*. [PE17:24:97] ☞ *pind, pinn*

Pinnath Gelin 1b [< KWIN crest, salient or top edge & ?] *topon.* ‘Green-crests’. [PE17:173] ☞ *pind, pinn*

pirin [< PIRI close eyes, blink, wink] *n. Bot.* a flower that opened and shut quickly with any change of light at [some? not?] even a pansy closed. Q. *pirinde, pirne*. [PE17:146]

PH

phaw [< PHAW] Q. *foa*. [PE17:181] ⇨ *faw*

pheriain mutated form of #**periain** after article **i** [PE17:66:96] ⇨ *perain*

pheriannath mutated form of #**periannath** after article **i** [PE17:66:96:102] ⇨ *perain*

R

-r [-] 3rd pl. pron. suff. #they. Q. -r. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

raen [< RAYA ‘smile’, show pleasure or favour in facial expression] *adj.* smiling, gracious, sweet-faced. Q. *raina*. [PE17:182]

☞ *Gilraen*

raitha [< RIK strive] *n.* an *e* is written above *raitha*, prob. Indicating alternative forms *reitha* or *retha*. [PE17:167]

Rammas Echor [-] *topon.* [PE17:100]

randir [< RĀNĀ wander + *ndir* man] *n.* wandering man, pilgrim. [PE17:60] ☞ *Mithrandir*

-rant [-] *suff.* -lode. Dw. *nāla* path, course, river-course or bed. [PE17:37] ☞ *-ian*, *-ianda*

rasg, *pl1.#resg* [-] *n.* a drag or any large, flat vehicle on wheels or rollers for hauling stone or other weighty material. Q.

raxa. [PE17:28] ☞ *Nan Gondresgion*

rass [-] *n.* horn. [PE17:36] ☞ *Caradbras*

rath [-] *n.* street. [PE17:98]

rau- [< AR] *pref.* [PE17:147]

raud 1a [< (*a*)*rātā*] *adj.* tall, high, lofty, eminent, noble. Q. *arta* (< *árātā*). [PE17:49:118] ☞ *Nimrodel*, *rodel*

raud 1b [< AR] *adj.* excellent, noble, eminent. [PE17:147]

raud 1c [< RAT tower up] *adj.* lofty. Q. *rāta*. [PE17:186] ☞ *arod*, *taer*

raug [-] *n.* demon. Q. *rauca*. [PE17:48] ☞ *Balrog*

raw [-] *n.* wing. Q. *rāma*, *pl1. rámar*. [PE17:63] ☞ *Landroval*, *rov-*, *roval*

-red [< **raitē* peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were *fair* < SRIT (RIT?) varied significance, ‘to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches’] *suff.* applied esp. to colours and shapes. [PE17:185] ☞ *rhaed*, *-rbed*

reitha [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] ☞ *raitha*

remmen, *pl1. remmin* [< *rembinā*, *rembinī*] *adj.* meshed, netted, woven. [PE17:26] ☞ *galadbremmen*

Remmirath [-] *n. Astron.* lit. ‘The Netted Jewels’, the Pleiades. [PE17:14:24:121]

-reth [< RETE climb] *suff.* [PE17:182] ☞ *Orodreth*

reth [< REP, RES ‘remain in same place’, be unmoved, patient] often in names. [PE17:182] ☞ *andreth*, *Arodreth*

retto [< RETE climb] [PE17:182] ☞ *-reth*

ril [-] *n.* brilliance, esp. used of white radiation. [PE17:47] ☞ *mithril*

rim 1a [-] *n.* great number. [PE17:50] ☞ *rimb*

rim 1b [-] *n.* a people of one kind or origin. [PE17:190] ☞ *gwaith*, *lí*

-rim [-] *pl. suff.* general or group plural ending. [PE17:62] ☞ *-ath*

rimb [-] *n.* great number. [PE17:50] ☞ *rim*

Ringlo [-] [PE17:136]

Ringló [-] *topon.* [PE17:96] ☞ *hló*, *ló*, *-ló*

- riss** [< *rinsa* < RIS cut] *adj.* cleft, cloven, separate. Q. *rista, risse, rinse*. [PE17:87] ☞ *Imladris*
- rithanen** [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] ☞ *raitba*
- rithant** [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] ☞ *raitba*
- rithantem** [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] ☞ *raitba*
- rithantin** [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] ☞ *raitba*
- rithas** [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] ☞ *raitba*
- rithessin** [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] ☞ *raitba*
- ro-** [< AR] *pref.* [PE17:147]
- roban** [< (S)ROB, (D)ROB] *n.* wildness. [PE17:99] ☞ *rbovan*
- roch** [-] *n.* Zoo. steed. [PE17:97] ☞ *Rocheryn*
- Roch e Cheruin** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Steed of the Lady’, Aragorn’s steed given him by Arwen. Pure S. form, also *Rocheryn* < *Roch(ch)eruïn*, softened Gondor form *Roberyn*. [PE17:97] ☞ *Rocheruïn, Rocheryn, Roberyn*
- roch na-heryna** [-] *prop. n.* ‘the horse of (the) lady’, Aragorn’s steed given him by Arwen. [PE17:97] ☞ *heryna, na, Rocheruïn, Rocheryn, Roberyn*
- Rocheruïn** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Steed of the Lady’, Aragorn’s steed given him by Arwen. Pure S. form, also *Roch e Cheruin*, softened Gondor form *Roberyn*. [PE17:97] ☞ *Roch e Cheruin, Rocheryn, Roberyn*
- Rocheryn** [< *Roch(ch)eruïn*] *prop. n.* ‘Steed of the Lady’, Aragorn’s steed given him by Arwen. Pure S. form, softened Gondor form *Roberyn*. [PE17:97] ☞ *Roch e Cheruin, Rocheruïn, Roberyn*
- rod** [< ROT cave] [PE17:49] ☞ *-roth*
- rod** [-] *suff.* [PE17:118]
- rodel** 1a [-] *n.* lady, high lady. [PE17:49] ☞ *Nimrodel*
- rodel** 1b [-] *n.* lofty star. [PE17:49] ☞ *Nimrodel*
- Rodon**, pl1. **Rodyn** [< RAT tower up] *n.* ‘One of the High’, Vala. (Q. pl1.?) *Artor*. [PE17:33:118:186] ☞ *arod, raud*
- Roberyn** [-] *prop. n.* ‘Steed of the Lady’, Aragorn’s steed given him by Arwen. Softened Gondor form of pure S. *Roch(ch)eruïn* > *Rocheryn* for *Roch e Cheruin*. [PE17:97] ☞ *Roch e Cheruin, Rocheruïn, Rocheryn*
- ron** [< RUN rub, grind, smooth, polish] *v.* smooth by polishing. Q. *runda* smooth, polish. RUN << RON. [PE17:89]
- Ronhir** [-] *prop. n.* probably cognate with (Q.?) *Rondobēr*. [PE17:117]
- Ronthir** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]
- Rontir** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]
- ross** [-] *n.* foam. [PE17:121] ☞ *bröss*
- roth** [-] *n.* cave. Q. *rondo*. [PE17:117]
- roth** [< ROT cave] [PE17:49] ☞ *-rod*
- rov-** [-] *pref.* wing. [PE17:63] ☞ *Landroval, rav, roval*
- rovaed** [< AR + ?] [PE17:147]
- roval** [-] *n.* wing. [PE17:63] ☞ *Landroval, rav, rov-*
- #-ruin** [< RUYU blaze (red)] *suff.* #fire. Q. *ruine*. [PE17:183] ☞ *Angruin*
- ruist** [-] [PE17:183]
- rûn** [-] *n.* #east. Q. *rómen*. [PE17:88]

rúnavar [-] *n.* #East-Elf. [PE17:139]

rúnedel [-] *n.* [PE17:142]

rúnedhel {ð}[-] [PE17:141]

rûth [< (U)RUP anger, rage, wrath] *n.* anger. Q. *rúse* wrath. [PE17:188] ☞ *oroth, ruthra-*

ruthra- [< (U)RUP anger, rage, wrath] *v.* to rage. Q. *ursa-*. [PE17:188] ☞ *oroth, ruthra-*

RH

rhae [-] *adj.* easy. Q. *rhaia*. [PE17:172]

rhaed [< **raitē* peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were *fair* < SRIT (RIT?) varied significance, ‘to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches’] *adj.* applied esp. to colours and shapes. *rhaed* << *raed*. [PE17:185] ☞ *-red, -rbed, rhûd*

rhanc [< SRAK] *adj.* awry, awkward. Q. *branga* awkward, hard. [PE17:154]

rhaw [< S-RAB wild, in the senses ‘not tamed, domesticated’; hence often ‘fierce, savage, hostile (to Elves and Men)’ < RAB astray, wandering, unsettled] *adj.* wild. Q. *bráva*. Tolkien wrote this entry as “*rhaw* [ʃʃ]” (PE17:78). [PE17:78]

-rhed [< **raitē* peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were *fair* < SRIT (RIT?) varied significance, ‘to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches’] *suff.* applied esp. to colours and shapes. [PE17:185] ☞ *-red, rhaed*

rhûd [< **raitē* peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were *fair* < SRIT (RIT?) varied significance, ‘to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches’] *adj.* applied esp. to colours and shapes. Maybe the plural form of **rhaed**. [PE17:185] ☞ *-red, rhaed, -rbed*

rhond [< RON solid, tangible, firm] *n.* body. [PE17:183] ☞ *rhonn, rhû*

rhonn [< RON solid, tangible, firm] *n.* body. [PE17:183] ☞ *rhond, rhû*

Rhovain [-] *pl1. n.* lit. ‘Wild-Men, Savages’. Q. *pl1. Hrávani*. [PE17:18]

rhovan 1a [< *sraban* < S-RAB wild, in the senses ‘not tamed, domesticated’; hence often ‘fierce, savage, hostile (to Elves and Men)’ < RAB astray, wandering, unsettled] *n.* a wild beast. Q. *brávan*. [PE17:78]

rhovan 1b [< (S)ROB, (D)ROB] *n.* wildness. [PE17:99] ☞ *roban*

Rhovanion [< S-RAB wild, in the senses ‘not tamed, domesticated’; hence often ‘fierce, savage, hostile (to Elves and Men)’ < RAB astray, wandering, unsettled + ?] *topon.* Wilderland. [PE17:78] ☞ *rhaw*

rhû 1a [-] *adj.* evil, wicked. Q. *bruo*. [PE17:115] ☞ *Rhudaur*

rhû 1b [< S-RŪGU] *adj.* evil, wicked. Q. *brúa, brúya*. [PE17:170] ☞ *rhu-, Rhudaur*

rhû 2 [< *srôn* < SRON < RON solid, tangible, firm] *n.* matter. *rhû* << *rhû*. [PE17:183] ☞ *rhond, rhonn*

rhu- [< SRUGU] *pref.* *rhu-* (SRUGU) << *og-* (OKO). [PE17:170] ☞ *rbugar*

Rhudaur [< S-RŪGU + ?] *topon.* ‘Troll shaw’. [PE17:115:170] ☞ *rhû*

rbugar [< SRUGU + ?] *n.* evil deed. Q. *rhúcare/rúcare* evil-doing. *rbugar* << *o(g)gar*. [PE17:170] ☞ *rbugarol*

rbugarol [< SRUGU + ?] *adj.* wicked, doing wrong. *rbugarol* << *ogarol*. [PE17:170] ☞ *rbugar*

rhûn [-] *n.* east. Q. *hr̄-* uprising, sunrise, east. [PE17:18:96:122] ☞ *amrún*

Rhûnedain [-] *pl1. n.* lit. #‘Men of the East’, Men other than the *Atani*. Q. *pl1. Hrónatani*. [PE17:18] ☞ *rhûn*

S

sadar, pl1. **sedair** [< *satarō < SAT|SATAR faithfull, trust, loyal; rely, steadfast, etc.] *n. Poet.* trusty follower, loyal companion (member of “comitatus” of a lord, or prince). [PE17:183] ☞ *sadron*

sador [< SAT|SATAR faithfull, trust, loyal; rely, steadfast, etc.] [PE17:183] ☞ *sadar, sadron*

sadron, pl1. **sedryn** [< *satarō < SAT|SATAR faithfull, trust, loyal; rely, steadfast, etc.] *n. Poet.* trusty follower, loyal companion (member of “comitatus” of a lord, or prince). Probably form of *sadar* with masc. suffix *-on*. [PE17:183] ☞ *sadar*

Sammath Naur [-] *topon.* [PE17:101] ☞ *naur*

saur [< SAWA disgusting, foul, vile] *adj.* used in sense ‘bad’ of food etc., putrid. Tolkien seems to have rejected the root SAWA, noting: “No. THAW-, cruel. *saura*, cruel. *Gorthaur-*.” [PE17:183-4]

Sauron [< SAWA disgusting, foul, vile] *prop. n.* used in Third Age Sindarin. It could be a genuine S. formation from *saur*, but was prob. from Quenya. Tolkien seems to have rejected the root SAWA, noting: “No. THAW-, cruel. *saura*, cruel. *Gorthaur-*.” [PE17:183-4] ☞ *saur*

saw [< SAWA disgusting, foul, vile] *n.* filth, putrescence. Tolkien seems to have rejected the root SAWA, noting: “No. THAW-, cruel. *saura*, cruel. *Gorthaur-*.” [PE17:183-4]

sen, pl1. **sín** {ī} [-] *dem. pron.* this. [PE17:44]

sereg [< SEREK blood] *n.* blood. Q. *serke*. [PE17:184] ☞ *seregorn*

seregorn [< SEREK blood + ?] *n. Bot.* ‘blood of stone’, a kind of red flowered stone-crop. [PE17:184] ☞ *sereg*

sevin [< SAM + ?] *v. aor. & pron. suff.* I have. Q. *samin*. [PE17:173] ☞ *-n*

sí [< SĪ, SĪN position of speaker, ‘this’] *adv.* here. Q. *Sí* now, here (usually ‘now’). [PE17:27:67:94:127]

si {ī} [-] *adv.* in this place (of speaker), here. [PE17:27] ☞ *sí*

silef [-] *n.* crystal (white). [PE17:23] ☞ *silivren*

silivren [-] *adj.* like *silef* ‘crystal’ (white). *silivren penna míriel* lit. ‘glittering slants-down sparkling (as jewels)’. [PE17:20-1:23]

sîr [-] *n.* stream. [PE17:37] ☞ *Nandubirion*

Sirion [< *siriānā] *topon.* properly ‘the Vale or lands about the River *Sîre*’ or ‘the Great Stream’. [PE17:42-3] ☞ *-ion*

-st [-] 3rd *du. pron. suff.* # (both of) them. Q. *-sto*. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

súl 1a {ū} [-] *n.* hill; lump, clump, mass. [PE17:15]

sûl 1b [< sū] *n.* Q. *sûre*. [PE17:124]

T

- tad** [-] *card.* two. Q. *atta*. [PE17:95] ☞ *nel, neledb*
- tað** [-] *card.* two. [PE17:14]
- taer** 1a [< TAG] *adj.* lofty. Q. *tāra*. [PE17:186]
- taer** 1b [< *tagra* < TA3] *adj.* Q. *tāra*. [PE17:186]
- taith** [< *tek-ta*] *n.* a sign, symbol, mark. Q. *tehta*. [PE17:43] ☞ *teith, teithant*
- tâl** [-] *n.* flat space, platform. Q. *talán* or *talma*. [PE17:52] ☞ *talán*
- talán**, pl1. **telain** [< C.E. *talam-*] *n.* flat space, platform. Q. *talán* or *talma*. [PE17:52] ☞ *tâl*
- talf** [-] *n.* a word applied to topographical flat areas, wang. [PE17:52:61] ☞ *Nindalf*
- taor** [< *tachaur* < TASĀS] *n.* Bot. Poet. or Arch. #willow. [PE17:81] ☞ *tathar, taur*
- Tarlang** [-] *prop. n.* ‘stiff-neck’, *sc.* ‘proud’, ‘the stiff, tough passage’. It could be the name of a man used to call the narrow ‘col’ or passage over the mountains that separated *Lamedon* from the plain of *Erech*. [PE17:92:98] ☞ *Achad Tarlang*
- tathar** [< TABAR] *n.* Bot. #willow. [PE17:81] ☞ *taor, taur*
- taug** [-] *adj.* firm, strong, withstand. Q. *tauka* stiff, wooden. [PE17:115]
- taur** 1a [< *tachaur* < TASĀS] *n.* Bot. Poet. or Arch. #willow. [PE17:81] ☞ *taor, tathar*
- taur** 1b [< *tau-rē* forest < TAW wood] *n.* forest. Q. *taure*. [PE17:82:115] ☞ *taw*
- tavn** [< **taman-* < TAM construct] *n.* a thing made by handicraft. Q. *taman*. [PE17:107]
- taw** [< TAW wood] *n.* wood as material. Q. *toa*. [PE17:115] ☞ *taur*
- tawen** [< *tawīnā* < TAW wood] *adj.* wood – as material. Q. *toina*. [PE17:115] ☞ *taw*
- teith** [< *tek-ta*] *n.* a sign, symbol, mark. Q. *tehta*. [PE17:43] ☞ *taith, teithant*
- teitha-** [< S. *teith, taith* a sign, symbol, mark] *v.* make marks or signs, write, inscribe. [PE17:43] ☞ *taith, teith, teithant*
- teithant** [< *tehta-nt* drew, wrote] *v. pa.t. of teitha-*. [PE17:43] ☞ *teitha-*
- teleir**, pl1. **telir**, pl2. **teleriath, telerwaith** [< **teleryā*] *n.* it became current as a general term to distinguish the Sindar (and usually also the Nandor) from either the Noldor or the Dark-Elves. [PE17:139]
- ***terchil** [-] *pl1. n.* ‘high-Men’, ancient name of the Edain. A S. form not used. Q. *tarvildi*, prob. Orkish *tark*. [PE17:101] ☞ *Adan*
- terech** [< TOR secret, hide] *n.* secret hole, lair. [PE17:188] ☞ *torn*
- tew** (**dew**), pl1. **tiw** [< **teiw* < *teīwa* < TEN show, sign, indicate] *n.* letter. *tew* << *tēw*, *tiw* << *tīw*. [PE17:44] ☞ *téw*
- téw**, pl1. **tíw** {ē, ī} [< S. *teiw* pl1. *tijw* < *tekmā* pl. *tekmī* (< *tekmāi*)] *n.* Ling. letter. [PE17:43:122] ☞ *tew*
- teweh** [< *teχw* < *teχwā* < *teswā* ‘[?chip]’] [PE17:148]
- tewin** [< *tawīnā* < TAW wood] *adj.* wood – as material. This form could be the plural form of *tawen*. Q. *toina*. [PE17:115] ☞ *tan, tawen*
- tīl** [-] *n.* point, ending. [PE17:55] ☞ *-il, niphredil*
- tīll** [-] *n.* tine, spike, point. [PE17:36] ☞ *Celebdil*

- tin** [-] *n.* spark, sparkle (esp. used of the twinkle of stars). [PE17:39] ☞ *itbildin*
- tīn** [< TIN sparkle, spark] *n.* spark, star. Q. *tīnve* spark (Poet. star). [PE17:66]
- Tinnúviel** [-] *prop. n.* Q. *Tindómiel*. [PE17:190]
- tíria** [-] *v.* gaze, look at, watch. [PE17:25] ☞ *tirith, tiro*
- tíriel** [-] *adj.* adjectival participial form of **tíria**. [PE17:25] ☞ *túria, tirith*
- tirith** {1st ī} [-] *n.* watch, ward, guard. [PE17:25:31] ☞ *túria, Minas Tirith*
- tíro** [-] *v. imp.* look. [PE17:95] ☞ *túria, tirith*
- tôl** [-] *v. pres.* is coming. *Tôl achar* ‘vengeance is coming’. [PE17:166]
- Tol Brandir** [-] *topon.* ‘Isle of Great Steeples’, great upstanding mass ending in two major and two minor steeples (*cf.* drawing PE17:22). [PE17:22:61] ☞ *brand*
- tolod** [-] *card.* eight. Q. *tolto*. [PE17:95] ☞ *neder*
- torech** [-] *n.* secret hole, lair. [PE17:89]
- torn** 1, pl1. **tyrn** [-] *n.* burial mound. [PE17:116] ☞ *Tyrn Gorthad*
- torn** 2 [< TOR secret, hide] *adj.* hidden, secret. [PE17:188] ☞ *terech*
- torog** [-] *n.* troll. [PE17:136]
- Turgon** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]
- Turgond** [< *Turukondo* < TUR power + KON lord] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]
- Turgond-** [< Q. *Turondo* < *Turukunda*] *prop. n.* ‘Lord of Stone’. [PE17:112]
- Turgorn** [< *Turūgorna*] *prop. n.* ‘Ruling Lord’. [PE17:113]
- Turugon** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]
- Turugond** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]
- Turugorn** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]
- Tyrn Gorthad** [-] *topon.* [PE17:116] ☞ *gorthad, torn*

TH

thang [-] *n.* pressure, oppression. Q. *sanga* press, pressure, throng. [PE17:116] ☞ *Thangorodrim*

Thangorodrim [-] *topon.* ‘Mountains of Tyranny’. [PE17:116] ☞ *thang*

thar [-] *adv.* ☞ *prep.* across. [PE17:14]

thar- [-] *pref.* across, over, properly ‘athwart’. Original S. form *para-*. See also the rejected glose in PE17:34. [PE17:34]

thara- {b} [-] *pref.* original S. form of **thar-**. [PE17:34] ☞ *thar-*

tharan [< THAR vigour (only in S.)] *adj.* vigorous. [PE17:27:187] ☞ *tharanduil, thranduil*

tharanduil [-] *n.* vigorous spring. [PE17:27:187] ☞ *tharan, thranduil*

Tharbad [-] *topon.* ‘Teeping Stones’, a crossing, a ford over which one could walk. [PE17:34] ☞ *pád, thar-*

thaur, pl1. **thoen** [< *thani-*] *n.* Bot. #pine. Presented as a noldorized S. form. [PE17:81] ☞ *Dor-I-thoen, thón*

thaur [< SAWA bad, unhealthy, ill, wretched] Q. *saura*. [PE17:172]

Thend [-] [PE17:140]

thend 1a, pl1. **thind**, pl2. **thindrim** [-] *n.* probably intended to mean #‘Grey(-elf)’. *thend* << *thind*. [PE17:140]

thend 1b, pl2. **thendrim, thennath** [-] *n.* #Grey-Elf. Tolkien notes that in the plural forms “The *e* is analogical from (rare) sg. *thend*” (PE17:141). [PE17:141]

thenn 1 [< **stenna* short < STEN cut short, limit, confine, cramp] *adj.* Q. *thenna, senna*. [PE17:185] ☞ *esten*

thenn 2, pl1. **thinn** [< *thinda*] *n.* Grey-Elf. Q. *thinda, sinda*. The form *thinn* is given with a dagger, indicating an archaic or poetical form. [PE17:141]

thennes [-] *fem. n.* Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] ☞ *-es*

thenneth [-] *fem. n.* Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] ☞ *-eth*

Thennir [-] *Thennir* << *Thinnir*. [PE17:140]

thennon, pl1. **thennyn** [-] *masc. n.* Grey-Elf. Note the rule on the same page stating that the ending was “after *n* -or”. [PE17:141] ☞ *-on*

thennor, pl1. **thennyr** [-] *masc. n.* Grey-Elf. [PE17:141]

thent [< *stentā*] Q. *thenta, senta*. [PE17:141]

theria- [< THAR vigour (only in S.)] *v.* be vigorous, flourish. [PE17:187]

thî [-] *adv.* now. Q. *sí. thî/hî* << *hî*. [PE17:27] ☞ *hî*

thin [< *þindā* grey] *adj.* grey. Q. *sinda*. [PE17:72:112] ☞ *thind, Thingol, thinn*

Thind [-] [PE17:140]

thind 1a [< *þindā* grey] *adj.* grey. Q. *sinda*. [PE17:72:112:141] ☞ *thin, Thingol, thinn*

thind 1b [< *þindē*] *adj.* grey. Obsolete except in names as *Thingol*. [PE17:140] ☞ *hithren*

thind 2, pl2. **thindrim** [-] *n.* #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141]

thindeth [-] *fem. n.* #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] ☞ *-eth*

thindon [-] *masc. n.* #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] ☞ *-on*

Thindreth [-] *n.* probably a feminine form of **Thinn**, **Thind** intended to mean #‘feminine Grey(-elf)’. [PE17:140]

thindron, *pl1*. **thindryn** [-] *n.* probably a masculine form of **Thinn**, **Thind** intended to mean #‘masculine Grey(-elf)’. [PE17:140]

thinedh {ð}[-] *fem. n.* #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] ☞ *-eth*

Thingol [-] *prop. n.* ‘Grey-cloak’. Q. *Sindacollo*, *Sindikollo*. [PE17:72:112:176] ☞ *thin*, *thind*, *thinn*

thinidh, *pl2*. **thinidhrim** {ð}[-] *n.* #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141]

thinidhes {ð}[-] *fem. n.* #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141]

thinn 1a [*< bindā grey*] *adj.* grey. Q. *sinda*. [PE17:72:112:141] ☞ *thin*, *thind*, *Thingol*

thinn 1b [*< thindi-*] *adj.* grey. Q. *sinde*. [PE17:141]

Thinn [-] [PE17:140]

Thinnedhel {ð}[-] *n.* ‘Grey-Elf’. Later more generally used of the subjects of Thingol. [PE17:139] ☞ *edhel*, *thinn*

Thinnir [-] *pl1. n.* [PE17:140]

thiw mutated form of **tiw** [PE17:43] ☞ *ten*

thôl [*< STOL helmet*] *n.* [PE17:186] ☞ *castol*

thol, *pl1*. **theyl** or **thuil** [*< POL stand up, ‘top’*] *n.* Q. *sōl*. [PE17:188] ☞ *castol*

thôn 1a [*prob. < stōna*] [PE17:82]

thôn 1b [*prob. < thōno-*] *n.* Bot. #pine. Presented as a noldorized S. form. [PE17:81] ☞ *thôn*, ~~*thann*~~

thôn [*< thanz-*] *n.* Bot. #pine. Presented as a noldorized S. form. [PE17:81] ☞ *Dor-Ithoen*, *thôn*

thond [-] *n.* root. [PE17:96:121]

thoniel [*< THAN kindle*] *n.* archaic perfect participle/adjective. [PE17:82] ☞ *Gilthoniel*

thorn [*< THOR*] *adj.* steadfast. Q. *thorna*, *sorna*. [PE17:113] ☞ *Arathorn*

thos [*< POS frighten, terrify*] *n.* fear. O.Q. *posse*. [PE17:87] ☞ *di'nguruthos*

Thranduil [*< THAR vigour (only in S.) + ?*] *prop. n.* vigorous spring. [PE17:27:51:187] ☞ *tharan*, *tharanduil*

thu [-] *adj.* bad. [PE17:172] ☞ ~~*thugar*~~

thû [*< thūsē < THUS evil mist, fog*] *n.* horrible darkness, black mist. [PE17:183]

Thú {ū} [*< sū*] [PE17:124]

thugar [= *thu-gar*] [PE17:172] ☞ ~~*th*~~

thuin [-] *n.* [PE17:81] ☞ *Dor i Thuin*

Ū

û [-] *adv. or interj.* no, not (of fact). [PE17:144]

ú- [-] *pref.* negates the sense of the following word. Applied to all classes of words but especially to verbs and adjectives.

Prefixed to verbal stems (without further suffix), it forms quasi-participles in aorist mode (e.g. *únod* not ever counting, *úbed* not saying). The continuative participle *ol* can be added in order to express a strictly present (and continuative) sense : *úgarol* ‘not now doing or making’, idling *vs.* *ugar* ‘(generally) idle’. There is no sense of ‘without’ attaching to *ú-* in Sindarin, see *pen-* (*ben-*). [PE17:62:144-5] ☞ *pen-*, *úland*, *úlann*

úbed [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* not saying. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*, *ped*

úbedui [-] *adj.* lit. ‘not fit to say’, unspeakable. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*, *-ui*, *ped*

úchebin [-] *v.* ☞ *1st sg. suff.* I do not retain. *úchebin estel anim* ‘I don’t keep hope for myself’. [PE17:62:117]

úgal [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* lit. ‘not shining’, dark. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*

ugar [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* (generally) idle. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*, *úgarol*

úgar [or *ú-gár*] *v.* he does not do (make). [PE17:145] ☞ *ú-*

úgarol [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* ☞ *continuative part.* (generally) idle. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*, *úgarol*

-ui [-] *adj. suff.* having quality, ~ful. With verbal stems, it has implication of possibility or suitability. [PE17:87:144:173] ☞ *fanui*, *lithui*, *úbedui*, *únodui*

uial [< ? + GAL/KAL light] *n.* twilight. Q. *úyale*, *yúyal*. [PE17:153:169]

Uilos [-] *topon.* ‘Everwhite/snowy’, Mount Everwhite, a name of the Great Mountain of Aman, highest mountain in the world, the *Tániquetil* in the centre of the *Pelóri*. Q. *Oiolosse*. [PE17:26:174:176] ☞ *Fannilos*

uin [-] *v.* ☞ *pron. suff.* I do not. Could be used with bare verbs : *uin gare* I do not make. [PE17:145] ☞ *-n*, *ú-*

úlal [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* lit. ‘not laughing’, serious. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*

úlan [-] *adj.* lit. ‘not broad’, narrow. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*

úland [-] *adj.* lit. ‘not broad’, narrow. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*

úlann [-] *adj.* lit. ‘not broad’, narrow. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*

úmedin [-] *v.* ☞ *pron. suff.* I do not eat. [PE17:145] ☞ *-n*, *ú-*, *úvedin*

úmel [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* lit. ‘not loving’, enemy, inimical. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*, *úvel*

únen [-] *v.* ☞ *pron. suff.* I did not. Could be used with bare verbs. [PE17:145] ☞ *-n*, *ú-*, *uin*

únod [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* not (ever) counting. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*

únodui [-] *adj.* countless. [PE17:144] ☞ *ú-*, *-ui*

úvedin soft mut. of **úmedin** [-] *v.* ☞ *pron. suff.* I do not eat. [PE17:145] ☞ *-n*, *ú-*, *úmedin*

úvel soft mut. of **úmel** [-] *suff.* ☞ *verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode)* lit. ‘not loving’, enemy, inimical. [PE17:144-5] ☞ *ú-*, *úmel*

úvelui [-] *pref.* ☞ *verbal stem* ☞ *suff.* not amiable, unloveable. [PE17:145] ☞ *ú-*, *-ui*



Vanedhel [-] *prop. n.* ‘elven fair’, a title of Arwen. Q. *Vanimelda, Eldavanima*. [PE17:56] ⇨ *Eldhelvein, Elrenniel, Wanedhel*

vast soft mut. of #*bast*. [PE17:144]

vedui soft mut. of **medui** [PE17:16]

W

wá [< WĀ [ʔused] of noise of wind] *n.* -. Q. *wáwa*. [PE17:34] ☞ *gwaew*

-waith [-] *suff.* often used of regions in proper names or peoples. [PE17:190] ☞ *gvaith*, *-weith*

Wanedhel [-] *prop. n.* ‘elven fair’, a title of Arwen. Q. *Vanimelda*, *Eldavanima*. [PE17:56] ☞ *Eldhelvein*, *Elrenniel*, *Vanedhel*

-we [-] *masc. suff.* It corresponds to fem. *-iel*. Q. *-we*. [PE17:23]

-weg [-] *adj. suff.* active in doing. [PE17:144] ☞ *carweg*, *madweg*, *pedweg*

weg [< WEK] [PE17:190]

-weith [-] *suff.* often used of regions in proper names or peoples. [PE17:190] ☞ *-vaith*

-wen [-] *3rd pl. poss. suff.* their. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier *-ent*. [PE17:46] ☞ *-ent*

-wi [< WĒ? WE3 ‘person’, individual (only used of Elves and Men)] *suff.* [PE17:189]

WH

whinn [-] *n. Bot.* ordinary non-mythological word for *birch*. Q. *hwinde*. [PE17:23] ⇨ *brethil, chwind*

y

ygil [-] *n.* [PE17:142]

yygyl [-] *n.* [PE17:142]

ȳ

Grammatical Notes

Notes highlighted in grey were rejected by J.R.R. Tolkien.

History of Sindarin

The tongue of the Elves immediately East of the Mountains was closely related with Sindarin, and further assimilated to it by the further infiltration of Elves from Beleriand. But it differed in some respects, notably in the change of $\partial > d$ (as in O.E.); also in some more archaic features of grammar, notably the retention of a genitival noun inflexion, sg. *-a*, pl. *-on*. Hence *Caras Galadon* for pure S. *Caras (i)Ngelelaið*. Thus S. *galad* tree $>$ *galad*. [60]

Notes on the relations between Sindarin and Quenya. [109:127]

Notes on the various origin of *-gorn, orn, etc.* in names. [112]

Notes on the dialects of Sindarin. [127-8:131]

History of Sindarin. [134-5]

Sindarin Sounds

$m > v$ after preposition (e.g. : *medui* ‘end, final, last’ $>$ *na vedui* ‘at last’). [16]

In Sindarin, initially, *cb-* take the form *b-*, but reappears in composition, such as *narchaered*. [25]

In Sindarin, *t* usually $>$ *d* with *t* becoming medial; and so after prefixes (e.g. *tíriel* vs. *palan-díriel*). [25]

eryd $>$ *ered* by late change, but *y* unstressed remained in certain circumstances, e.g. before nasals. [cf. on the same page *amon*, pl1. *emyn*] [33]

$nr > \partial r$, cf. S. *caran-rass* $>$ *Caradhras*. [36]

Medial change of $d > db$ does not occur after *n*, *nd*; initial *s* medially $>$ *b* (e.g. *Nandubirion*). [37]

In S., *a* ‘and’ leaves the initials *b, d, g, m, n, s* unchanged, but changes *p, t, c > f, th, cb; adt > att*. In older S., *gw* became *w* (for *gw* is only the S. initial form of basic *w-*: as *wath* shadow, initial form *gwath, i-wath* the shadow, *a chwath* and a shadow). But in later S., on analogy of genuine original *g* (as in *a galad* and a tree) *gw* was left unaltered: *a gwath* and a shadow. [41] [altered as follows]

In S., *a* ‘and’ leaves the initials *b, d, g, m, n, s* unchanged, but changes *p, t, c > f, th, ch; adt > att*. In older S., *gw* became *w* (for *gw* is only the S. initial form of basic *w*-: as *wath* shadow, initial form *gwath, i-wath* the shadow). But in later S. and on analogy of genuine original *g* (as in *a galad* and a tree) *gw* was left unaltered : *a gwath* and a shadow. [41]

Old Sindarin had *ath*. S. *a/að* has soft mutation but with *ath* before *b- < s*. Later S. *a-* in all cases. [41]

S. *ñm = ñw*. [44]

S. *ñ* vanished early with lengthening. [44]

Original *b, d, g* as voiced stops were altered or lost. [50]

ñ- > ñ in Q. *> ñg > g* in S., vanished in Telerian, hence [*ñgal(a)tā-rig-el- >*] Q. *Ñaltariel*, S. *Galadriel*, T. *Altarielle*. [60]

“Elvish Sound Laws” [95]

Sounds changes. [99]

Notes on the phonological divergences of Northern Sindarin *vs.* the dialects of Beleriand. [108]

Initial nasal groups in Sindarin. [124]

Notes on Old Sindarin’s phonology. [131]

Notes on final *-w*. [148]

Sindarin *ŷ > ʒ > g*. [169]

In Sindarin, historically, *-we* had become *w* or *u* (as in *Elu = Elwe*). [189]

Adjectives

Adjectival form is used when the quality of the action applies to the subject of verb immediately preceding, or to the subject expressed (as by a name) : *Noro lim, noro lim Asfaloth*. ‘Run swift, run swift Asfaloth.’ [18]

The adjectival element usually follows in S. but in certain old elements the older (Quenya) order is maintained, as *e.g.* with *mor-* ‘black’ (*morgul* beside *gul-dûr*); and in names the order could be shifted for euphonic reasons, so *Fanuïdol* for *Dol-fanui*. [36]

Adjectives expressing negation of possibilities. [144-5]

Adverbs

Many Sindarin adverbs end in *-ra*. [14]

Arists

Paradigm. [132]

Articles

Article *I* ‘the’ shows inflexions, exhibited mainly in effect on initial (*perian* ‘halfing’, *I berian* ‘the halfing’, *i pheriain*, *pheriannath* ‘the halfings’). [66]

Imperative

The *o* of S. ‘imperative’ (*e.g.* imp. *pedo* say) is an agglutination of the exclamation *ā!* found separately in Q. before or after the bare tense stem when used ‘imperatively’. [41]

Negation

Negation in Sindarin (*ú-*). [145]

Nouns

The genitive when strictly so (especially when implying identity, as ‘the city of Minas Tirith’) and not implying any movement of or from partitive relation is expressed by mere juxtaposition (*e.g.* *aglar elenath* ‘radiance of the (host of) stars’, full genitive of *elenath* being *elenathon*).

[...]

In Sindarin, the simple genitive was usually expressed by placing the genitive noun in adjectival position second without any word equivalent to ‘of’. So I 319, *Ennyn Durin Aran Moria* ‘the doors (of) Durin King (of) Moria’. [25]

Sindarin plurals were made usually by vowel change due to [ʔinfluence] of the primitive plural ending *-i*. *silivren* pl. *silivrin*, *el(en)* [pl.] *elin*. *craban* [pl.] *crebain*. *ae* no change. *ū* [ʔ] *ui*. *au*, *o* [ʔ] *oe*. *au...* [25]

**dā* (variant of *nā*) denoted the passive result of the action, and when used substantively a single product of it.

The distinction between a single action and a single product of it was not maintained in S. or Q. and in practice words denoting products were found made with either *dā* or *tā* (lengthened owing to the influence of *dā*). [52]

Both Quenya and Sindarin have for most nouns two plurals formations: the general or group, and the partitive or special. The plural element in nouns is [i] as a suffix [i]. Plural formed with this are in Quenya ‘general’, and the partitive is formed with *-li*. In Sindarin, the old *ī* plurals causing “affection” are partial (as a rule) and the group plural have *-ath* : a group suffix, or other endings as *-rim*. [62]

Three forms of Genitive in Old Sindarin. [97]

General notes on plural. [133]

Masculine and feminine endings. [141]

Dative after word *give* : *ōn annin*. [147]

Prepositions

The ancient Sindarin form of *o* ‘from’ must have been *au(t)* since the beginnings of following words beginning with *m*, *n*, *b*, *d*, *g*, *s* (such as *menel* or *galadh* in the hymn to *Elbereth*) are not changed; but *t*, *p*, *c* become *th*, *ph*, *ch*. [24]

Present

Paradigm. [132]

Pronouns

Paradigm of possessive pronouns (suffixes). [46]

Paradigm of pronominal suffixes. [132]

Verbs

**ta* verbal suffix. [52]

